



POSTER PRESENTATION

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Cytokine pattern in very early rheumatoid arthritis favours B cell activation and survival

R A Moura^{1†}, R Cascão^{1†}, I Perpétuo¹, H Canhão^{1,2}, E Vieira de Sousa^{1,2}, A F Mourão^{1,3}, A M Rodrigues^{1,2}, J Polido-Pereira^{1,2}, M Viana Queiroz², H S Rosário⁴, M M Souto-Carneiro⁵, L Graca^{6,7*}, J E Fonseca^{1,2*}

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Introduction

B cells play an important role in the perpetuation of rheumatoid arthritis (RA), particularly as autoantibody producing cells. The immune complexes that further develop deposit in the joints and aggravate the inflammatory process. However, B cells contribution in the very early stage of the disease remains unknown.

Aim

To determine the concentration of cytokines potentially relevant for B cell activation in serum from very early polyarthritis patients, with less than 6 weeks of disease duration, who later on evolved into RA (VERA).

Patients and methods

APRIL, BAFF and IL-21 levels were measured by ELISA in the serum of VERA, other very early arthritis (VEA), established RA patients and controls. Synovial fluid (SF) samples of established RA were also analyzed.

Results

VERA patients have higher levels of APRIL and BAFF as compared to VEA, established RA and controls. Furthermore, APRIL and BAFF levels are also significantly elevated in RA-SF when compared to serum.

Conclusions

The increased levels of APRIL and BAFF in VERA patients suggests that B cell activation and the development of autoreactive B cell responses might be

crucial in early phases of RA. Therefore, APRIL and BAFF could be promising targets for therapy in the early phase of RA.

Author details

¹Rheumatology Research Unit, Instituto de Medicina Molecular, Faculdade de Medicina da Universidade de Lisboa, Lisbon, Portugal. ²Rheumatology Dept., Centro Hospitalar de Lisboa Norte, EPE, Hospital de Santa Maria, Lisbon, Portugal. ³Rheumatology Dept., Centro Hospitalar de Lisboa Ocidental, EPE, Hospital Egas Moniz, Lisbon, Portugal. ⁴Microvascular Biology and Inflammation Unit, Instituto de Medicina Molecular, Faculdade de Medicina da Universidade de Lisboa, Lisbon, Portugal. ⁵Center for Neurosciences and Cell Biology, Autoimmunity Group, Coimbra, Portugal. ⁶Cellular Immunology Unit, Instituto de Medicina Molecular, Faculdade de Medicina da Universidade de Lisboa, Lisbon, Portugal. ⁷Instituto Gulbenkian de Ciência, Oeiras, Portugal.

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† Contributed equally

¹Rheumatology Research Unit, Instituto de Medicina Molecular, Faculdade de Medicina da Universidade de Lisboa, Lisbon, Portugal

⁶Cellular Immunology Unit, Instituto de Medicina Molecular, Faculdade de Medicina da Universidade de Lisboa, Lisbon, Portugal

Full list of author information is available at the end of the article