

DATA NOTE

Open Access



Genomic, transcriptomic and epigenomic sequencing data of the B-cell leukemia cell line REH

Mariya Lysenkova Wiklander¹, Elin Övernäs¹, Johanna Lagensjö¹, Amanda Raine¹, Anna Petri², Ann-Christin Wiman¹, Jon Ramsell¹, Yanara Marincevic-Zuniga¹, Henrik Gezelius¹, Tom Martin¹, Ignas Bunikis², Sara Ekberg¹, Rikard Erlandsson¹, Pontus Larsson¹, Mai-Britt Mosbech², Susana Häggqvist², Susanne Hellstedt Kerje², Lars Feuk², Adam Ameer², Ulrika Liljedahl¹ and Jessica Nordlund^{1*}

Abstract

Objectives The aim of this data paper is to describe a collection of 33 genomic, transcriptomic and epigenomic sequencing datasets of the B-cell acute lymphoblastic leukemia (ALL) cell line REH. REH is one of the most frequently used cell lines for functional studies of pediatric ALL, and these data provide a multi-faceted characterization of its molecular features. The datasets described herein, generated with short- and long-read sequencing technologies, can both provide insights into the complex aberrant karyotype of REH, and be used as reference datasets for sequencing data quality assessment or for methods development.

Data description This paper describes 33 datasets corresponding to 867 gigabases of raw sequencing data generated from the REH cell line. These datasets include five different approaches for whole genome sequencing (WGS) on four sequencing platforms, two RNA sequencing (RNA-seq) techniques on two different sequencing platforms, DNA methylation sequencing, and single-cell ATAC-sequencing.

Keywords Next-generation sequencing, Long-read, Short-read, Multi-omics, Genomics, Transcriptomics, Epigenomics, B-ALL, Cell line, Digital karyotype

Objective

Human cell lines are commonly used by researchers as accessible models of disease [1, 2]. The REH cell line, derived from a fifteen-year old female patient at relapse, is frequently used in the study of ALL, the most common cancer in children [3, 4], as well as for method

development [5]. At the same time, next-generation sequencing has become an invaluable tool for cancer research [6, 7], while long-read technology increasingly offers novel insights into complex oncological aberrations [8, 9]. Therefore, a multi-faceted dataset encompassing the genomics, transcriptomics and epigenomics of a cell line such as REH can be a valuable resource for leukemia researchers. Likewise, developers of bioinformatic analysis software stand to benefit from the availability of publicly available reference datasets [10, 11].

A subset of the datasets in this project were used for downstream analysis with the purpose of cataloging the structural variants and fusion genes of the REH cell

*Correspondence:

Jessica Nordlund
jessica.nordlund@medsci.uu.se

¹Department of Medical Sciences and Science for Life Laboratory, Uppsala University, Box 1432, Uppsala SE-751 44, Sweden

²Department of Immunology, Genetics and Pathology and Science for Life Laboratory, Uppsala University, Uppsala, Sweden



© The Author(s) 2023. **Open Access** This article is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License, which permits use, sharing, adaptation, distribution and reproduction in any medium or format, as long as you give appropriate credit to the original author(s) and the source, provide a link to the Creative Commons licence, and indicate if changes were made. The images or other third party material in this article are included in the article's Creative Commons licence, unless indicated otherwise in a credit line to the material. If material is not included in the article's Creative Commons licence and your intended use is not permitted by statutory regulation or exceeds the permitted use, you will need to obtain permission directly from the copyright holder. To view a copy of this licence, visit <http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/>. The Creative Commons Public Domain Dedication waiver (<http://creativecommons.org/publicdomain/zero/1.0/>) applies to the data made available in this article, unless otherwise stated in a credit line to the data.

line [12]. For this project, mapping was performed to the human reference genome GRCh38. Additionally, the long-read WGS datasets were subjected to de-novo assembly.

Here, we present the raw sequencing reads as well as assemblies and mapped BAM files in order to make the data available to the research community.

Data description

The project consists of 33 sequencing datasets generated from the ALL cell line REH, which was obtained from DSMZ (ACC 22) and cultured according to the supplier's specifications (see Supplemental Methods) [13, 14]. The cell line's authenticity was confirmed by karyotyping [12] and STR analysis [15]. The datasets are divided into nine library types. Of the seven library types using DNA as input, five are whole genome sequencing (WGS) methods producing genomic data [16–34], one is a method producing chromatin accessibility data (single-cell ATAC-seq) [35–39], and one is a whole genome methylome sequencing method producing epigenomic data (EM-seq) [40, 41]. The WGS methods include Illumina TruSeq DNA PCR-Free, PacBio SMRT, Oxford Nanopore (ONT), MGISEQ stLFR and linked-read WGS (10x Genomics), while RNA was used as input to two RNA-seq methods, Illumina TruSeq Stranded Total RNA and PacBio IsoSeq [42–48]. The datasets include raw sequencing reads in FASTA and FASTQ formats, reference-mapped BAM files, and de-novo assemblies (Table 1).

Genomic datasets

The genomic data consists of short- and long-read sequencing datasets, including de-novo assemblies, providing a combination of generous coverage and contiguity that allows for the in-depth analysis of the genomic variation present in this cell line. Included are FASTQ files from the short-read WGS sequencing of two lanes prepared with the Illumina TruSeq DNA PCR-Free kit and sequenced on the HiSeq X sequencer with PE150 read-length, as well as a BAM file of the reads mapped to human reference genome GRCh38.

Long-read WGS datasets include FASTQ files generated from a CLR library and a HiFi library sequenced on the PacBio Sequel II, as well as six ONT libraries prepared with three different kits using DNA selected to varying sizes and sequenced on the PromethION 24. BAM files mapping reads generated from both PacBio libraries and the ONT ultralong library to GRCh38 are included, as are three de-novo assemblies generated from these reads using hifiasm and flye.

Additionally, there are FASTQ files from one WGS library prepared with BGI's MGIEasy stLFR kit and sequenced on the MGISEQ-2000RS, as well as from

two linked-read WGS libraries prepared using the 10x Genomics Gemcode kit and sequenced on the Illumina HiSeq 2500.

Chromatin accessibility datasets

Single-cell ATAC-seq enables the selective sequencing of chromatin-accessible genomic regions, allowing for the determination of chromatin accessibility profiles on a cellular level. A library was prepared using the Chromium Single Cell ATAC Reagent Kit from 10X Genomics and sequenced on an SP flowcell on an Illumina NovaSeq 6000 instrument. FASTQ data, plus a BAM file mapping this data to GRCh38, are included among the datasets.

Epigenomic datasets

Methylome analysis of the REH cell line can be performed using the epigenomic data sets, which identify 5-mC or 5-hmC modifications to DNA. Two such libraries were prepared with 10 ng and 100 ng input DNA using the NEBNext enzymatic methyl-seq kit (EM-seq). The libraries were sequenced on an Illumina NovaSeq 6000 on an S4 flowcell.

Transcriptomic datasets

The datasets include both short-read and long-read transcriptomic data, allowing insight into gene expression and aberrations such as fusion genes, as well as detailed transcript splicing information. The RNA-seq datasets include FASTQ files from the short-read sequencing of two lanes prepared with the Illumina TruSeq Stranded Total RNA kit and sequenced PE-100 on a NovaSeq 6000 instrument, as well as a BAM file of these reads mapped to GRCh38. The long-read RNA-seq data consists of two IsoSeq libraries, with a varying bead ratio used to generate one library with standard-length transcripts and one library with full-length transcripts. An additional dataset containing resulting FLNC reads and a BAM file mapping them to GRCh38 is included for each of the IsoSeq libraries.

Limitations

- The 10x Genomics Gemcode linked-read sequencing technology is discontinued.
- The MGISEQ WGS data was sequenced to low (~10x) sequencing depth.
- The REH cells used to generate the datasets herein were obtained from a single source. Given that cell lines may undergo alterations during proliferation, leading to genetic heterogeneity within the cell population, these data may not serve as a universal reference for all REH cultures.

Table 1 Overview of data files/data sets

Label	Name of data file/data set	File types (file extension)	Accession
Data file 1	Overview of REH sequencing datasets	PNG (.png)	Figshare: https://doi.org/10.6084/m9.figshare.23966340 [13]
Data file 2	Supplemental Methods	PDF (.pdf)	Figshare: https://doi.org/10.6084/M9.FIGSHARE.22643065 [14]
Data file 3	Short Tandem Repeat Analysis of the REH cell line	PDF (.pdf)	Figshare: https://doi.org/10.6084/m9.figshare.24131670 [15]
Dataset 1	REH_WGS_Illumina_HiSeqX_TruseqDnaPcrFree_1	FASTQ (fastq.gz)	SRA: https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR10882610 [16]
Dataset 2	REH_WGS_Illumina_HiSeqX_TruseqDnaPcrFree_2	FASTQ (fastq.gz)	SRA: https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR10882609 [17]
Dataset 3	REH_WGS_Illumina_HiSeqX_TruseqDnaPcrFree_hg38	BAM (.bam)	SRA: https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR23704824 [18]
Dataset 4	REH_WGS_PacBio_SequellI_SMRT_CLR	FASTQ (fastq.gz)	SRA: https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR22805329 [19]
Dataset 5	REH_WGS_PacBio_SequellI_SMRT_HiFi	FASTQ (fastq.gz)	SRA: https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR19123265 [20]
Dataset 6	REH_WGS_PacBio_SMRT_hg38	BAM (.bam)	SRA: https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR23704823 [21]
Dataset 7	REH_WGS_PacBio_SequellI_SMRT_denovo_hifiasm	FASTA (.fa)	SRA: https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR23704827 [22]
Dataset 8	REH_WGS_ONT_PromethION_10kb	FASTQ (fastq.gz)	SRA: https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR22730978 [23]
Dataset 9	REH_WGS_ONT_PromethION_20kb	FASTQ (fastq.gz)	SRA: https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR22444744 [24]
Dataset 10	REH_WGS_ONT_PromethION_30kb	FASTQ (fastq.gz)	SRA: https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR23054498 [25]
Dataset 11	REH_WGS_ONT_PromethION_60kb_SRE	FASTQ (fastq.gz)	SRA: https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR22444743 [26]
Dataset 12	REH_WGS_ONT_PromethION_SRE	FASTQ (fastq.gz)	SRA: https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR22444742 [27]
Dataset 13	REH_WGS_ONT_PromethION_Ultralong	FASTQ (fastq.gz)	SRA: https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR21147769 [28]
Dataset 14	REH_WGS_ONT_PromethION_Ultralong_hg38	BAM (.bam)	SRA: https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR23704822 [29]
Dataset 15	REH_WGS_ONT_PromethION_Ultralong_denovo_flye_medaka	FASTA (.fasta)	SRA: https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR23704826 [30]
Dataset 16	REH_WGS_ONT_PromethION_Ultralong_PacBio_SMRT_denovo_flye_racon	FASTA (.fasta)	SRA: https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR23704825 [31]
Dataset 17	REH_WGS_MGISEQ_2000RS_stLFR	FASTQ (fastq.gz)	SRA: https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR18907774 [32]
Dataset 18	REH_WGS_Illumina_HiSeq2500_10x_Gemcode_HW_hg37	BAM (.bam)	SRA: https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR10902121 [33]
Dataset 19	REH_WGS_Illumina_HiSeq2500_10x_Gemcode_NW_hg37	BAM (.bam)	SRA: https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR10902122 [34]
Dataset 20	REH_ScAtacSeq_Illumina_NovaSeq6000_10x_Chromium_1	FASTQ (fastq.gz)	SRA: https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR22320001 [35]
Dataset 21	REH_ScAtacSeq_Illumina_NovaSeq6000_10x_Chromium_2	FASTQ (fastq.gz)	SRA: https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR22320000 [36]
Dataset 22	REH_ScAtacSeq_Illumina_NovaSeq6000_10x_Chromium_3	FASTQ (fastq.gz)	SRA: https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR22319999 [37]
Dataset 23	REH_ScAtacSeq_Illumina_NovaSeq6000_10x_Chromium_4	FASTQ (fastq.gz)	SRA: https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR22319998 [38]
Dataset 24	REH_ScAtacSeq_Illumina_NovaSeq6000_10x_Chromium_hg38	BAM (.bam)	SRA: https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR10907069 [39]
Dataset 25	REH_EMSeq_Illumina_NovaSeq6000_NEBNext_100ng	FASTQ (fastq.gz)	SRA: https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR23020114 [40]

Table 1 (continued)

Label	Name of data file/data set	File types (file extension)	Accession
Dataset 26	REH_EMSeq_Illumina_NovaSeq6000_NEBNext_10ng	FASTQ (fastq.gz)	SRA: https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR23020113 [41]
Dataset 27	REH_RnaSeq_Illumina_NovaSeq6000_TruseqStrandedTotalRna_1	FASTQ (fastq.gz)	SRA: https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR10882846 [42]
Dataset 28	REH_RnaSeq_Illumina_NovaSeq6000_TruseqStrandedTotalRna_2	FASTQ (fastq.gz)	SRA: https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR10882845 [43]
Dataset 29	REH_RnaSeq_Illumina_NovaSeq6000_TruseqStrandedTotalRna_hg38	BAM (.bam)	SRA: https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR23704830 [44]
Dataset 30	REH_RnaSeq_PacBio_SequeIII_IsoSeq_standard	FASTQ (fastq.gz)	SRA: https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR22729869 [45]
Dataset 31	REH_RnaSeq_PacBio_SequeIII_IsoSeq_long	FASTQ (fastq.gz)	SRA: https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR22729868 [46]
Dataset 32	REH_RnaSeq_PacBio_SequeIII_IsoSeq_standard_hg38	BAM (.bam)	SRA: https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR23704829 [47]
Dataset 33	REH_RnaSeq_PacBio_SequeIII_IsoSeq_long_hg38	BAM (.bam)	SRA: https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR23704828 [48]

Acknowledgements

The authors would like to acknowledge support of the National Genomics Infrastructure (NGI) unit in Uppsala for aiding in RNA/DNA extraction, library preparation, and sequencing and Susanne Reinsbach for bioinformatics support.

Authors' contributions

MLW, AA, LF and JN conceived the research and constructed the experimental design. JN and LF acquired funding. MLW and JN wrote the paper. EÖ, JL, AR, ACW, JR, YMZ, HG, TM and UL prepared and sequenced short-read Illumina libraries. SE, RE and PL performed bioinformatics analysis of Illumina sequencing libraries. AP, MBM, SH, and SHK prepared and sequenced long-read libraries. IB performed bioinformatics analysis of long-read sequencing libraries.

Funding

Open access funding provided by Uppsala University. This project was funded in part by the Swedish Research Council (#2019–01976 and #2019–0222), the Swedish Childhood Cancer Fund (#2019-0046 and #2022-0086), and the Göran Gustafsson Foundation. This project received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation program under grant agreement No. 824110 EASI-Genomics. Sequencing was performed at the National Genomics Infrastructure (NGI) at SciLifeLab in Uppsala. NGI is funded by SciLifeLab, the Swedish Research Council RFI, and the Knut and Alice Wallenberg Foundation. The computations were enabled by resources provided by the National Academic Infrastructure for Supercomputing in Sweden (NAISS) and the Swedish National Infrastructure for Computing (SNIC) at the Uppsala Multidisciplinary Center for Advanced Computational Science (UPPMAX) partially funded by the Swedish Research Council through grant agreements no. 2022–06725 and no. 2018–05973. Open access funding provided by Uppsala University.

Data Availability

The data described in this Data note can be freely and openly accessed on SRA under BioProject PRJNA600820 [16–48]. Supplemental methods are available at <https://doi.org/10.6084/M9.FIGSHARE.22643065> [14].

Declarations**Ethics approval and consent to participate**

Not applicable.

Consent for publication

Not applicable.

Competing interests

The authors declare no competing interests.

Received: 20 April 2023 / Accepted: 25 September 2023

Published online: 10 October 2023

References

- Gillet J-P, Varma S, Gottesman MM. The clinical relevance of Cancer Cell Lines. JNCI J Natl Cancer Inst. 2013;105:452–8.
- Gazdar AF, Minna JD. Cell lines as an investigational tool for the study of biology of small cell lung cancer. Eur J Cancer Clin Oncol. 1986;22:909–11.
- Rosenfeld C, Goutner A, Choquet C, Venuat AM, Kayibanda B, Pico JL, et al. Phenotypic characterisation of a unique non-T, non-B acute lymphoblastic leukaemia cell line. Nature. 1977;267:841–3.
- Cortes JE, Kantarjian HM. Acute lymphoblastic leukemia a comprehensive review with emphasis on biology and therapy. Cancer. 1995;76:2393–417.
- Raine A, Manlig E, Wahlberg P, Syvänen A-C, Nordlund J. SPLinted Ligation Adapter Tagging (SPLAT), a novel library preparation method for whole genome bisulphite sequencing. Nucleic Acids Res. 2017;45:e36–6.
- Shyr D, Liu Q. Next generation sequencing in cancer research and clinical application. Biol Proced Online. 2013;15:4.
- LeBlanc VG, Marra MA. Next-generation sequencing approaches in Cancer: where have they brought us and where will they take us? Cancers. 2015;7:1925–58.
- Sakamoto Y, Sereewattanawoot S, Suzuki A. A new era of long-read sequencing for cancer genomics. J Hum Genet. 2020;65:3–10.
- Rausch T, Snajder R, Leger A, Simovic M, Giurgiu M, Villacorta L, et al. Long-read sequencing of diagnosis and post-therapy medulloblastoma reveals complex rearrangement patterns and epigenetic signatures. Cell Genomics. 2023;3:100281.
- Fang LT, Zhu B, Zhao Y, Chen W, Yang Z, Kerrigan L, et al. Establishing community reference samples, data and call sets for benchmarking cancer mutation detection using whole-genome sequencing. Nat Biotechnol. 2021;39:1151–60.
- Ren L, Duan X, Dong L, Zhang R, Yang J, Gao Y et al. Quartet DNA reference materials and datasets for comprehensively evaluating germline variants calling performance. preprint. Bioinformatics; 2022.
- Lysenkova Wiklander M, Arvidsson G, Bunikis I, Lundmark A, Raine A, Marincevic-Zuniga Y et al. A complete digital karyotype of the B-cell leukemia REH cell line resolved by long-read sequencing. preprint. Cancer Biology; 2023.
- Lysenkova Wiklander M. REH Data Note - Overview of REH sequencing datasets. 2023. <https://doi.org/10.6084/m9.figshare.23966340>. Accessed 16 Aug 2023.
- Lysenkova Wiklander M. REH Data Note - Supplemental Methods.pdf. 2023. <https://doi.org/10.6084/M9.FIGSHARE.22643065>. Accessed 11 May 2023.

15. Lysenkova Wiklander M. REH Data Note - Data File 3. Short Tandem Repeat Analysis of the REH cell line. 2023. <https://doi.org/10.6084/m9.figshare.24131670>
16. NCBI Sequence Read Archive. WGS of REH (Illumina TruSeq DNA PCR-Free) - Illumina HiSeq X - Lane 1. 2023. <https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR10882610>
17. NCBI Sequence Read Archive. WGS of REH (Illumina TruSeq DNA PCR-Free) - Illumina HiSeq X - Lane 2. 2023. <https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR10882609>
18. NCBI Sequence Read Archive. WGS of REH (Illumina TruSeq DNA PCR-Free) - mapped - hg38. 2023. <https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR23704824>
19. NCBI Sequence Read Archive. CLR WGS of REH (PacBio SMRT). 2023. <https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR22805329>
20. NCBI Sequence Read Archive. HiFi WGS of REH (PacBio SMRT). 2023. <https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR19123265>
21. NCBI Sequence Read Archive. HiFi/CLR WGS of REH (PacBio SMRT) - mapped - hg38. 2023. <https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR23704823>
22. NCBI Sequence Read Archive. De-novo REH assembly (hifiasm, PacBio HiFi and CLR WGS). 2023. <https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR23704827>
23. NCBI Sequence Read Archive. ONT WGS of REH, sheared to 10 kb. 2023. <https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR22730978>
24. NCBI Sequence Read Archive. ONT WGS of REH, sheared to 20 kb. 2023. <https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR22444744>
25. NCBI Sequence Read Archive. ONT WGS of REH, sheared to 30 kb. 2023. <https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR23054498>
26. NCBI Sequence Read Archive. ONT WGS of REH, sheared to 60 kb, size selected with Circulomics SRE. 2023. <https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR22444743>
27. NCBI Sequence Read Archive. ONT WGS of REH, size selected with Circulomics SRE. 2023. <https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR22444742>
28. NCBI Sequence Read Archive. ONT WGS of REH, Ultralong. 2023. <https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR21147769>
29. NCBI Sequence Read Archive. ONT WGS of REH, Ultralong - mapped - hg38. 2023. <https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR23704822>
30. NCBI Sequence Read Archive. De-novo REH assembly (flye/medaka, ONT Ultralong WGS). 2023. <https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR23704826>
31. NCBI Sequence Read Archive. De-novo REH assembly (flye/racon, ONT Ultralong and PacBio WGS). 2023. <https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR23704825>
32. NCBI Sequence Read Archive. MGISEQ WGS of REH (stLFR). 2023. <https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR18907774>
33. NCBI Sequence Read Archive. 10x GemCode linked-read WGS of REH (high molecular weight) - mapped - hg37. 2023. <https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR10902121>
34. NCBI Sequence Read Archive. 10x GemCode linked-read WGS of REH (standard DNA) - mapped - hg37. 2023. <https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR10902122>
35. NCBI Sequence Read Archive. Single cell ATAC sequencing of REH (10x Chromium) - 1 of 4. 2023. <https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR22320001>
36. NCBI Sequence Read Archive. Single cell ATAC sequencing of REH (10x Chromium) - 2 of 4. 2023. <https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR22320000>
37. NCBI Sequence Read Archive. Single cell ATAC sequencing of REH (10x Chromium) - 3 of 4. 2023. <https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR22319999>
38. NCBI Sequence Read Archive. Single cell ATAC sequencing of REH (10x Chromium) - 4 of 4. 2023. <https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR22319998>
39. NCBI Sequence Read Archive. Single-cell ATAC sequencing of REH - Illumina NovaSeq 6000 - mapped - hg38. 2023. <https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR10907069>
40. NCBI Sequence Read Archive. EM-seq of REH (NEBNext) - 100ng DNA. 2023. <https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR23020114>
41. NCBI Sequence Read Archive. EM-seq of REH (NEBNext) - 10ng DNA. 2023. <https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR23020113>
42. NCBI Sequence Read Archive. RNA-seq of REH (Illumina TruSeq stranded total RNA) - Illumina NovaSeq 6000 - Lane 1. 2023. <https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR10882846>
43. NCBI Sequence Read Archive. RNA-seq of REH (Illumina TruSeq stranded total RNA) - Illumina NovaSeq 6000 - Lane 2. 2023. <https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR10882845>
44. NCBI Sequence Read Archive. RNA-seq of REH (Illumina TruSeq stranded total RNA) - mapped - hg38. 2023. <https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR23704830>
45. NCBI Sequence Read Archive. HiFi RNA-seq of REH (PacBio IsoSeq) - standard-length transcripts. 2023. <https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR22729869>
46. NCBI Sequence Read Archive. HiFi RNA-seq of REH (PacBio IsoSeq) - long transcripts. 2023. <https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR22729868>
47. NCBI Sequence Read Archive. HiFi RNA-seq of REH (PacBio IsoSeq) - standard-length transcripts - FLNC and mapped - hg38. 2023. <https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR23704829>
48. NCBI Sequence Read Archive. HiFi RNA-seq of REH (PacBio IsoSeq) - long transcripts - FLNC and mapped - hg38. 2023. <https://identifiers.org/insdc.sra:SRR23704828>

Publisher's Note

Springer Nature remains neutral with regard to jurisdictional claims in published maps and institutional affiliations.