

POSTER PRESENTATION

Open Access

Feasibility of three-dimensional (3D) balanced steady-state-free-precession (bSSFP) myocardial perfusion MRI at 3 Tesla using local RF Shimming with dual-source RF transmission

Roy Jogiya^{1*}, Andreas Schuster¹, Arshad Zaman², Yasmine Samaroo¹, Eike Nagel¹, Sebastian Kozerke^{3,1}, Sven Plein^{2,1}

From 16th Annual SCMR Scientific Sessions
San Francisco, CA, USA. 31 January - 3 February 2013

Background

Three-dimensional myocardial perfusion MRI offers better myocardial coverage than conventionally used two-dimensional methods. bSSFP three-dimensional myocardial perfusion MRI at 3 Tesla potentially offers further improvement of signal characteristics and may enhance the use of three-dimensional myocardial perfusion MRI for clinical application.

Methods

Twenty-five healthy volunteers and 2 patients were included upon written informed consent and local ethics committee approval. Dynamic contrast-enhanced 3D bSSFP perfusion imaging was performed on a 3 Tesla MRI scanner equipped with dual-source RF transmission technology (MultiTransmit; Philips Healthcare, The Netherlands).

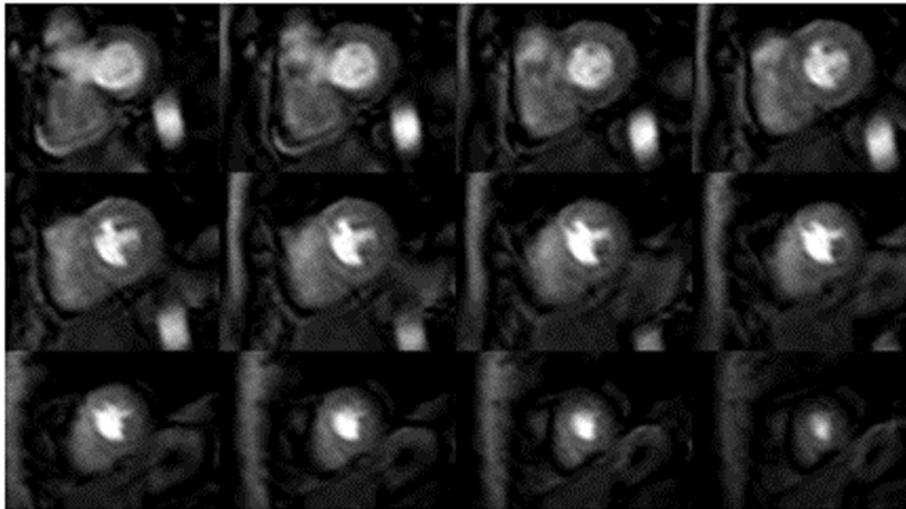


Figure 1 Volunteer example of 3D balanced steady state free precession (bSSFP) acquisition

¹Kings College London, London, UK
Full list of author information is available at the end of the article

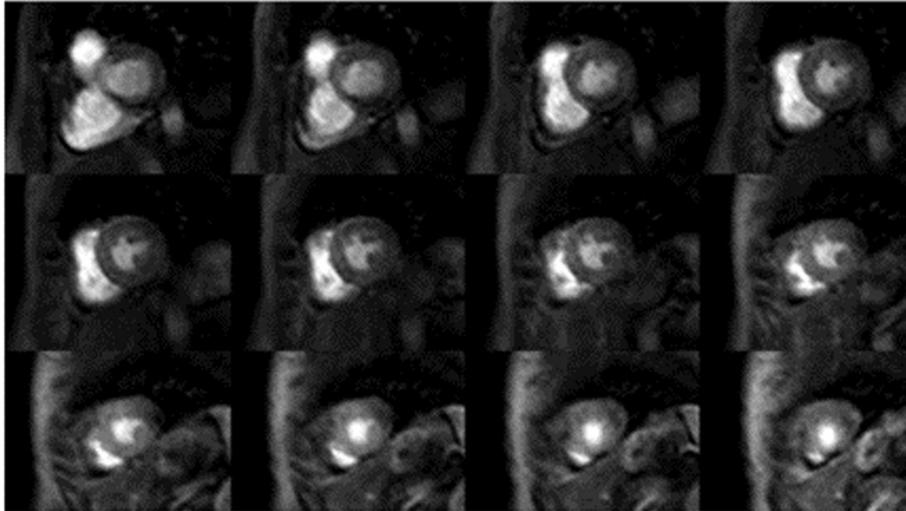


Figure 2 Volunteer example of 3D spoiled gradient echo (TFE) acquisition

Results

Local RF Shimming with dual source RF transmission significantly improved B1 field homogeneity ($P=0.0107$). For bSSFP perfusion imaging, it allowed a reduction of TR from 3.4 to 2.2 ms at the same flip angle. Image quality was similar for TFE and bSSFP but there were more artefacts for bSSFP (Figure 1).

Compared with an equivalent 3D spoiled gradient echo method (TFE), mean SNR was (30.4 vs 24.4, respectively, $P=0.24$), but signal homogeneity measured in the myocardium was improved (14.98% vs 11.15%, respectively, $p=0.015$).

Conclusions

Three-dimensional bSSFP myocardial perfusion MRI using local RF Shimming with dual-source RF transmission at 3 Tesla is feasible with improved signal characteristics. Image artifacts however remain an important limitation.

Funding

Prof. Plein is funded by British Heart Foundation fellowship FS/10/62/28409 and receives research grant support from Philips Healthcare.

Prof. Kozerke receives funding from the Swiss National Science Foundation (grant number CR3213_132671/1) and research support from Bayer (Switzerland) AG. Prof. Nagel receives grant support from Bayer Healthcare and Philips Healthcare.

Author details

¹Kings College London, London, UK. ²Leeds University, Leeds, UK. ³ETH Biomedical Engineering, Zurich, Switzerland.

Published: 30 January 2013

doi:10.1186/1532-429X-15-S1-P23

Cite this article as: Jogiya et al.: Feasibility of three-dimensional (3D) balanced steady-state-free-precession (bSSFP) myocardial perfusion MRI at 3 Tesla using local RF Shimming with dual-source RF transmission. *Journal of Cardiovascular Magnetic Resonance* 2013 **15**(Suppl 1):P23.

Submit your next manuscript to BioMed Central and take full advantage of:

- Convenient online submission
- Thorough peer review
- No space constraints or color figure charges
- Immediate publication on acceptance
- Inclusion in PubMed, CAS, Scopus and Google Scholar
- Research which is freely available for redistribution

Submit your manuscript at
www.biomedcentral.com/submit

 **BioMed Central**