

Analysis on influencing factors of EV charging station planning based on AHP

F Yan and X F Ma¹

School of electrical and electronic engineering, North China Electric Power University, Baoding, Hebei 071003, China

Email: maxiaof888@163.com

Abstract. As a new means of transport, electric vehicle (EV) is of great significance to alleviate the energy crisis. EV charging station planning has a far-reaching significance for the development of EV industry. This paper analyzes the impact factors of EV charging station planning, and then uses the analytic hierarchy process (AHP) to carry on the further analysis to the influencing factors, finally it gets the weight of each influence factor, and provides the basis for the evaluation scheme of the planning of charging stations for EV.

1. Introduction

With the rapid progress of battery technology, EVs get more and more attention in recent years, and EVs have many positive effects on solving the present crisis of environment pollution and resources shortage.

At present, the development of the EV charging station is still in the demonstration and operational stage, the EV technology is increasingly developing, and the EV battery technology has improved greatly, with its unique advantages of high efficiency of charging and discharging, large output power and long service life, lithium-ion batteries are the most widely used in the electric car battery system now. However, the common charging time of EV batteries is too long (5 to 8 hours), and the mileage is limited after each charging, which is always the crux of the EV industry development [1]. EVs are not only a kind of load, but so can serve as energy storage for power grid, except that they have strong randomness, which is associated with the moving characteristic as a means of transport.

EVs can not only bring low carbon social economic prosperity, but also face many challenges, such as the social acceptability of EV launch in fossil-fuels-oriented energy economies, the cost of EVs: sales, long-life, and its decommission specifications/features-in the supplementary choices of recycling and reuse, etc. For the protection of EV battery systems, and lengthen the service life of the battery as far as possible, EVs should generally adopt the practice of conventional slow charging, in order to ensure the user for a long time and emergency driving demand, quick charge will be as a public service facilities and play an important complementary role in the road[2].

EV charging station planning problem directly determines the driving experience of EV users, and that also affect people's purchase intention to EV in a large extent, thus it affects the development of the popularity of EV and EV industry. The construction of the planning index system of EV charging

¹ Address for correspondence: X F Ma, School of electrical and electronic engineering, North China Electric Power University, Baoding, Hebei 071003. Email: maxiaof888@163.com.



station is very urgent, and it deeply affects the evaluation of the planning scheme of EV charging station [3].

The area of EV charging station planning has become a research focus, the literature [4] analyzed several factors that affecting electric vehicle charging station planning, and put forward the principle of its layout proposal, but it is short for quantitative analysis of the influence factors. Literature [5-7] put forward the planning method of EV charging station, but they are lack of systematic research for the influence factors that affecting the EV charging station planning. In conclusion, the related literature for systemic study on the influencing factors of EV charging station planning is less, and the related literature that considering the weight of every factor is much scarcer. This paper made a systemic in-depth research for the influencing factors of EV charging station planning with the application of AHP method, and studied their weights and provided the theoretical basis of the planning for EV charging stations in future.

2. Analysis on Influencing factors of EV charging station planning

The factors that affect the layout planning of EV can be summarized as the power system, transportation system, economic cost, user convenience and other factors [8].

2.1. Power system factors

Grid capacity factor is the main cause of capacity limit of the distribution network, and the charging current of general EV fast charging stations charger is large (up to 150A – 400A), and a charging stations is often equipped with more than one charger, so it is a huge load for the original grid, the grid capacity is one of the important factors that affect the layout planning of EV charging station.

Grid planning alignment refers to the blending degree of EV charging station planning and the network layout, especially the short to medium term planning of grid, can largely affect the EV charging stations within a period of time of planning, it can largely effect the EV charging station planning within a period of time[9].

In addition, a large number of EV that connected to distribution network will affect the power quality, reduce power supply reliability and cause a series of problems, so the consideration of these factors in the process of charging station layout of EV is also unavoidable.

2.2. Traffic system factors

Road congestion is an important factor restricting the layout of the charging station, and excellent EV charging station planning program should be selected that traffic congestion situation is relatively light zone.

Road network density affects the convenience of charging to a large extent, but also it can expand the scope of services to a certain extent.

2.3. Economic cost factors

EV charging station is an infrastructure construction. There is a large economic investment from the planning and construction to operation and maintenance, which also directly affect the choice of charging station planning. In this paper, the main economic cost factors are land cost, power grid reconstruction cost, operation and maintenance cost, etc.

2.4. Users' convenience factors

EV charging station is a kind of public service facilities, the users' charging convenience is particularly important, and this article mainly focuses on the service coverage and traffic convenience.

2.5. Other factors

The market share of EV industry is still very limited at present, and the present layout of the EV in the future will certainly experience reconstruction problems over a period of time, taking this factor into consideration within planning period will save costs for subsequent modification.

Safety is very important to the long-term safe operation of the charging station[10], and it is an important factor to influence the selection of the planning scheme of the EV charging station.

EV technology maturity is also one of the key factors that largely affecting EV charging station planning, especially with the constant breakthrough of EV battery technology, the electric vehicle charging station layout should also adapt to the requirement of the EV battery.

3. Model construction

Analytic hierarchy process method (AHP) was proposed by the operational research experts T L Satty in the end of the 70s of the 20th century. As a kind of multi-objective decision method, AHP with a systematic and hierarchical features has been widely applied, especially some multi-objective, multi-criteria and lack of structural characteristics of relatively complicated problems [11].

3.1. Index system

First of all, the AHP logic level construction was made for the influence factors of the EV charging station planning, and the index system is built.

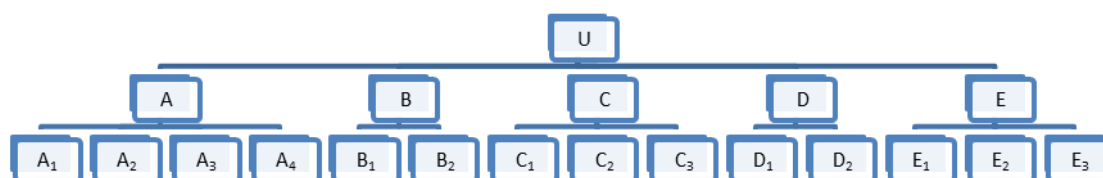


Figure 1. EV charging station planning impact factors analysis index system

Note: U-Influence factor analysis and others can be seen in table 4 and table 5.

3.2. Judgment matrix structure

After setting up the index system, a judgment matrix is constructed based on the index system, the values determined by contrast a hierarchy index important degree of influence on the upper indexes of every element in matrix^[12], $b_{ij}=b_i/b_j$ said, the b_{ij} can use 0-9 said, see AHP relative importance of standard table.

Table 1. AHP relative importance of the standard

Scale	Meaning
1	b_i and b_j are equally important
3	b_i is slightly more important than b_j
5	b_i is more important than b_j significantly
7	b_i is more important than b_j strongly
9	b_i is extremely important than b_j
2、4、6、8	intermediate value of the judgment

3.3. Level sorting and consistency checking

After the establishment of the judgment matrix for each layer, the judgment matrix of each layer with the largest eigenvalue λ_{max} and the corresponding eigenvector W is obtained, then the feature vector normalization, obtained in the same layer of each evaluation index compared with the rank weights of the upper one index importance. This process is single level sequencing. Random consistency index (CR) was used to measure the consistency of the decision maker's ideas.

$$CR = \frac{CI}{RI} \quad (1)$$

Where CR is the consistency ratio, CI is the consistency index of the judgment matrix, $CI = (\lambda_{\max} - n) / (n - 1)$, RI is the average immediately consistency index, and its value can be used to refer to the RI index table.

Table 2. Mean random consistency index

Order n	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
RI	0	0	0.52	0.89	1.12	1.26	1.36

For the matrix whose order number is 1 or 2, always has a complete consistency, therefore the RI value is 0, if matrix order number greater than 2, when the $CR < 0.1$ is considered the consistency of the judgment matrix meet the requirements, and it is in the reasonable scope, otherwise, it must be properly adjusted[13], and related formulas are as follows:

Each line element of the corresponding judgment matrix B is multiplied, and M_i is obtained:

$$M_i = \prod_{j=1}^n b_{ij} \quad i = 1, 2, 3 \dots n \quad (2)$$

W_i is M_i 's n times square root obtained by calculation

$$w_i = \sqrt[n]{M_i} = \sqrt[n]{\prod_{j=1}^n b_{ij}} \quad (3)$$

Square root unit, we get the sort weight W_i :

$$W_i = \frac{w_i}{\sum_{i=1}^n w_i} \quad (4)$$

The largest eigenvalue of the B matrix is calculated:

$$\lambda_{\max} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{(BW)_i}{W_i} \quad (5)$$

In which, $(BW)_i$ means the first i element of vector BW.

4. A numerical example

The influence factors of EV charging station planning was analyzed by AHP, first of all, the judgment matrix for influence factors of sub reference layer is obtained. Hierarchical ordering and consistency checking were made according to the judgment matrix, finally we got the ranking of the reference layer and the corresponding weight of each layer. Results are shown in Table 3 shows.

Table 3. Sub reference layer factor weight table

Reference layer	Sub reference layer	Weight
A	A ₁	0.439
	A ₂	0.07
	A ₃	0.23
	A ₄	0.261
B	B ₁	0.675
	B ₂	0.325
C	C ₁	0.594
	C ₂	0.157
	C ₃	0.249
D	D ₁	0.683
	D ₂	0.317
E	E ₁	0.163
	E ₂	0.54

E_3	0.297
-------	-------

In the same way, we calculated the influence factors and the weight of the reference layer, and the results are shown in the following table.

Table 4. Ranking factors of the reference layer

Target layer	Reference layer	Weight	Ranking	Factor name
U	A	0.448	1	power system factors
	B	0.219	2	traffic system factors
	C	0.109	3	economic cost factors
	D	0.083	4	user convenience factors
	E	0.141	5	Other factors

We got the overall order of the overall objectives for various factors combined with the above two parts, it can be seen that the grid capacity and road congestion are the most two important aspects. In addition in the selection of electric vehicle planning program, we should pay attention to grid capacity, road congestion, power supply reliability and power quality, etc. Rankings can be more intuitive to get from Figure 2.

Table 5. Weight table of influence factors

Index	Weight	Factor name
A ₁	0.197	Grid capacity
A ₂	0.031	Grid planning alignment
A ₃	0.103	power quality
A ₄	0.117	power supply reliability
B ₁	0.148	Road congestion
B ₂	0.071	Road network density
C ₁	0.065	land cost
C ₂	0.017	power grid reconstruction cost
C ₃	0.027	operation and maintenance cost
D ₁	0.057	service coverage
D ₂	0.026	traffic convenience
E ₁	0.023	Reconstruction and extension problems
E ₂	0.076	Safety
E ₃	0.042	EV technology maturity

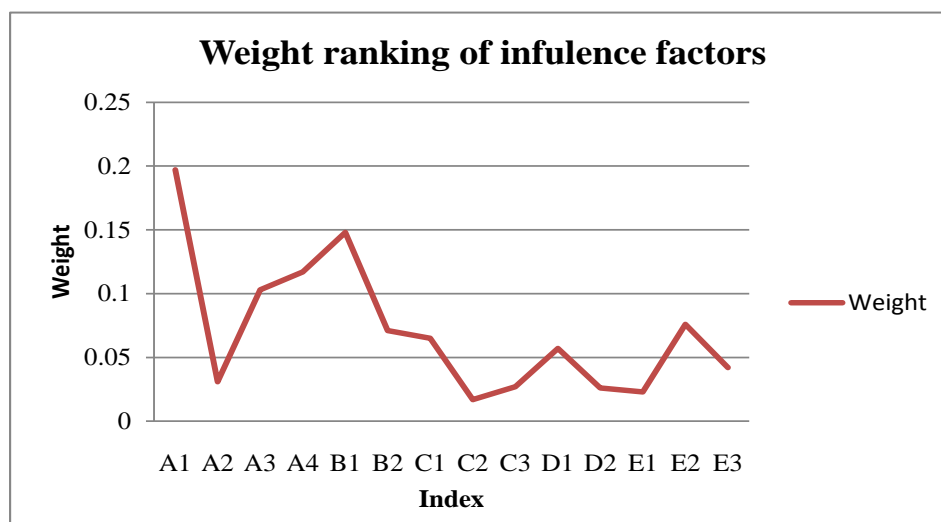


Figure 2. Weight ranking of influence factors

5. Conclusions

Reasonable EV charging station layout planning can provide electrical energy supplement better for users of EVs, and it is good for the safe operation of power grid, meanwhile it provides a strong guarantee for the smooth traffic network, it is of great significance for the popularization and promotion of EVs. There are many factors that affect the planning of EV charging station. In this paper, the main influencing factors are sorted by AHP, and the corresponding weights are obtained. It provides theoretical basis for the follow-up of the evaluation method of EV charging station.

References

- [1] Gomez J C and Morcos M M 2003 Impact of EV battery chargers on the power quality of distribution systems *IEEE Trans. on Power Delivery* **18** 975-81
- [2] Mehdi E A, Kent C and Jason S 2010 Rapid charge electric vehicle stations *IEEE Trans. on Power Delivery* **25** 1883-7
- [3] Wang J X, Cui Y L and Zhu Minghui 2014 Probabilistic harmonic calculation in distribution networks with electric vehicle charging stations *J. Applied Mathematics*
- [4] Xu F, Yu G Q, Gu L F and Zhang H 2009 Tentative analysis of layout of electrical vehicle charging stations *East China Electric Power* **37** 1678-82
- [5] Nakul S and Scott K 2013 A approach for the optimal planning of electric vehicle infrastructure for highway corridors *Transportation Research Part E* **59** 15-33
- [6] Ren Y L, Shi L F, Zhang Q, Han W J and Huang S J 2011 Optimal distribution and scale of charging stations for electric vehicles *Automation of Electric Power Systems* **35** 53-7
- [7] Li R Q and Su H Y 2011 Optimal allocation of charging facilities for electric vehicles based on queuing theory *Automation of Electric Power Systems* **35** 58-61
- [8] Ahn Y and Yeo H 2015 An analytical planning model to estimate the optimal density of charging stations for electric vehicles *Plos One* 1011
- [9] Pan Z J and Zhang Y 2016 A novel centralized charging station planning strategy considering urban power network structure strength *Electric Power Systems Research*
- [10] Li X P, Ma J Q, Cui J X, Ghiasi A and Zhou F 2016 Design framework of large-scale one-way electric vehicle sharing systems: A continuum approximation model *Transportation Research Part B*
- [11] Karleuša B, Ožanić N and Deluka-Tibljša A 2014 Improving decision making in defining priorities for implementation of irrigation plans using AHP methodology *Technical Gazette* **213**
- [12] Singh R P and Nachtnebel H P 2016 Analytical hierarchy process (AHP) application for reinforcement of hydropower strategy in Nepal *Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews* **55**-8
- [13] Riahi A and Moharrampour M 2016 Evaluation of strategic management in business with AHP case study: Pars house Appliance *Procedia Economics and Finance* **36**-8