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Synthesis, Crystal Structure of a New Co (II) Complex with 3-(4-Ethylbenzoyl) propionic Acid

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Abstract. A new Co(II) complex, $[\text{CoL}_2 \cdot (\text{H}_2\text{O})_4] \cdot 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (HL = 3-(4-ethylbenzoyl)propionic acid), has been synthesized by one-pot reaction of 3-(4-ethylbenzoyl)propionic acid, NaOH and cobalt(II) acetate tetra hydrate in $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{OH}/\text{H}_2\text{O}$ ($v:v = 3:1$) solution. The crystal structure of $[\text{CoL}_2 \cdot (\text{H}_2\text{O})_4] \cdot 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$ has been characterized by single crystal X-ray diffraction analysis. The result shows that the Co (II) complex belongs to monoclinic, space group $P1_21/n1$ with $a = 9.911(2) \text{ \AA}$, $b = 9.4356(19) \text{ \AA}$, $c = 32.322(7) \text{ \AA}$, $\beta = 94.84(3)^\circ$, $V = 3011.9(11) \text{ \AA}^3$, $Z = 4$, $D_c = 1.353 \text{ mg} \cdot \text{m}^{-3}$, $\mu = 0.633 \text{ mm}^{-1}$, $F(000) = 1300$, and final $R_1 = 0.0788$, $\omega R_2 = 0.2311$. The geometry around Co (II) atoms is a distorted octahedron. The Co (II) complex molecules form 2D layer structure by the intramolecular and intermolecular hydrogen bonds (O-H \cdots O) present between the O atoms of uncoordinated and coordinated water molecules and O atoms of 3-(4-ethylbenzoyl) propionic acid.

1. Introduction

Recent years, many studies on Co (II) complexes have been reported because they show excellent properties in photoelectrocatalytic, luminescence property, magnetism, gas absorption [1-5]. Our group has been devoted to the synthesis, structure and properties of metal complexes [6-8].

In this paper, we report a new Co (II) complex from the reaction of 3-(4-ethylbenzoyl) propionic acid, NaOH and cobalt (II) acetate tetrahydrate in $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{OH}/\text{H}_2\text{O}$ ($v:v = 3:1$) solution. The crystal structure of Co (II) complex is determined by X-ray single crystal diffraction analysis.

2. Experimental Section

2.1. Materials and Instrumentation

3-(4-Ethylbenzoyl)propionic acid (A.R.), cobalt (II) acetate tetrahydrate (A.R.), NaOH (A.R.) and solvents were commercially available reagents and used as supplied. The single crystal data of $[\text{CoL}_2 \cdot (\text{H}_2\text{O})_4] \cdot 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$ were obtained on a Bruker Smart CCD diffractometer.



2.2. Synthesis of $[\text{CoL}_2 \cdot (\text{H}_2\text{O})_4] \cdot 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$

A solution of 3-(4-ethylbenzoyl)propionic acid (0.2062 g, 1.0 mmol) and NaOH (0.040 g, 1.0 mmol) in 5 mL water was added to a solution of cobalt(II) acetate tetrahydrate (0.1245 g, 0.5 mmol) in 15 mL $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$ with stirring. The rose Hermosa solution was stirred at 65°C for 5 hours. The suitable Co (II) complex crystals for single crystal X-ray diffraction analysis were obtained after 20 days by slow evaporation the filtrate at room temperature.

2.3. Data Collection, Structural Determination, and Refinement

A suitable crystal of Co(II) complex with dimensions of 0.19 mm × 0.18 mm × 0.16 mm was selected for data collection using Olex2 [9] on a Bruker Smart CCD diffractometer with a graphite-monochromatized $\text{MoK}\alpha$ ($\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$) radiation. The crystal was kept at 293(2) K during data collection. The structure was solved with the ShelXT [10] structure solution program using Intrinsic Phasing and refined with the ShelXL [11] refinement package using Least Squares minimization. The molecular structure of Co (II) complex was drawn with DIAMOND [12]. Summary of crystal data for Co (II) complex are shown in Table 1.

Table 1. Summary of crystal data for Co (II) complex.

Empirical Formula	$\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{42}\text{CoO}_{14}$
Temperature/K	293(2)
Crystal system	Monoclinic
Space group	P121/n1
$a/\text{\AA}$	9.911(2)
$b/\text{\AA}$	9.4356(19)
$c/\text{\AA}$	32.322(7)
$\beta/^\circ$	94.84(3)
Volume/ \AA^3	3011.9(11)
Z	4
$\rho_{\text{calc}} \text{ mg/mm}^3$	1.353
μ/mm^{-1}	0.633
S	1.115
$F(000)$	1300
Index ranges	$-11 \leq h \leq 11$ $-11 \leq k \leq 11$ $-38 \leq l \leq 38$
Reflections collected	22999
Reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$	4265
Independent reflections	5297 [R(int) = 0.0424]
Data/restraints/parameters	5297/39/373
Goodness-of-fit on F^2	1.100
Final R indexes $[\geq 2\sigma(I)]$	$R_1 = 0.0788$, $wR_2 = 0.2311$
Final R indexes [all data]	$R_1 = 0.0891$, $wR_2 = 0.2456$
Largest diff. peak/hole/ $e \text{ \AA}^{-3}$	1.86/-1.04

3. Results and Discussion

3.1. Structural Description of $[\text{CoL}_2 \cdot (\text{H}_2\text{O})_4] \cdot 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$

Figure 1 shows the crystal structure of $[\text{CoL}_2 \cdot (\text{H}_2\text{O})_4] \cdot 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$. X-ray diffraction analysis revealed that the Co (II) complex crystallizes in monoclinic system with P121/n1 space group. The Co (II) complex is composed of one Co (II) ion, two 3-(4-ethylbenzoyl) propionic acid ligands, four coordinated water

molecules and four uncoordinated water molecules. The Co (II) ion is six-coordinated with two oxygen atoms from two different 3-(4-ethylbenzoyl)propionic acid ligands and four oxygen atoms from four coordinated water molecules, respectively, giving a distorted octahedron geometry with O1, O1A, O2W and O2WA at the equatorial plane, and O1W and O1WA at the axial positions. The Co-O bond distances are 2.085(3) Å and 2.146(3) Å (Co1-O1 2.085(3) Å, Co1-O1A 2.085(3) Å, Co1-O1W 2.146(3) Å, Co1-O1WA 2.146(3) Å, Co1-O2W 2.090(3) Å, Co1-O2WA 2.090(3) Å, symmetry codes: (A) $-x, 1-y, 1-z$). The bond angles surrounding the Co (II) ion are O1-Co1-O1A = 180.0(15)°, O1-Co1-O1WA = 90.13(11)°, O1A-Co1-O1W = 90.13(11)°, O1A-Co1-O1WA = 89.87(11)°, O1-Co1-O1W = 89.87(11)°, O1A-Co1-O2WA = 89.70(12)°, O1A-Co1-O2W = 90.30(12)°, O2WA-Co1-O2W = 180.0°, O2W-Co1-O1 = 89.70(12)°, O2WA-Co1-O1 = 90.30(12)°, O1W-Co1-O1A = 180.0°, O1W-Co1-O2WA = 90.48(12)°, O1WA-Co1-O2WA = 89.52(12)°, O1W-Co1-O2W = 89.52(12)°, O1WA-Co1-O2W = 90.48(12)°. Figure 2 exhibits the 2D layer structure of Co(II) complex, from Figure 2, we can see that the intermolecular and intramolecular O-H \cdots O hydrogen bonds present between the O atoms of uncoordinated and coordinated water molecules and O atoms of 3-(4-ethylbenzoyl) propionic acid play an important role in forming the 2D layer structure of Co(II) complex. The main bond lengths (Å) and angles (°) for [CoL₂·(H₂O)₄]:4H₂O are given in Table 2.

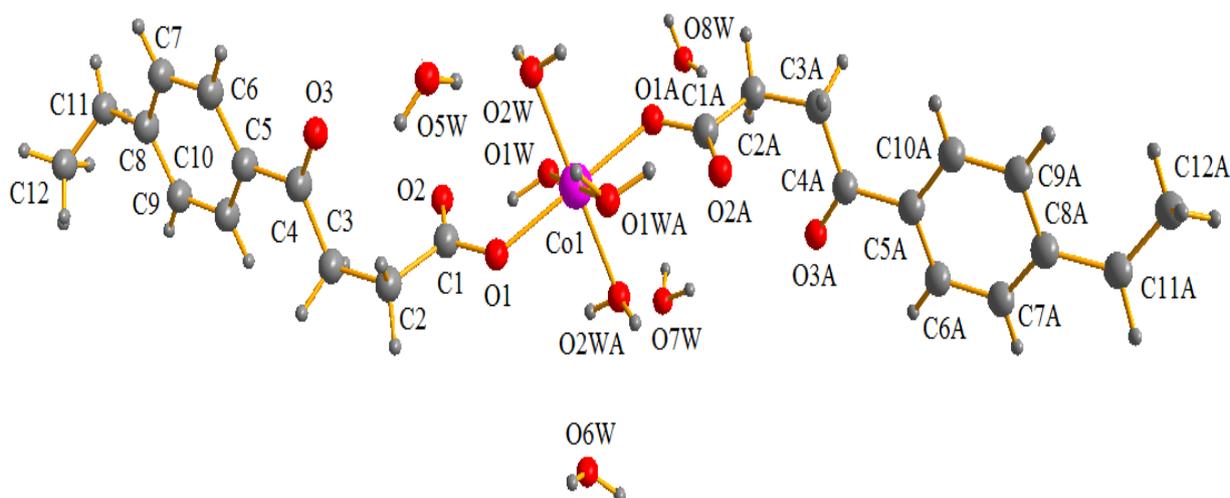


Figure 1. Asymmetric unit of the Co (II) complex with labeling scheme at 30% ellipsoidal probability. Symmetry codes: (A) $-x, 1-y, 1-z$.

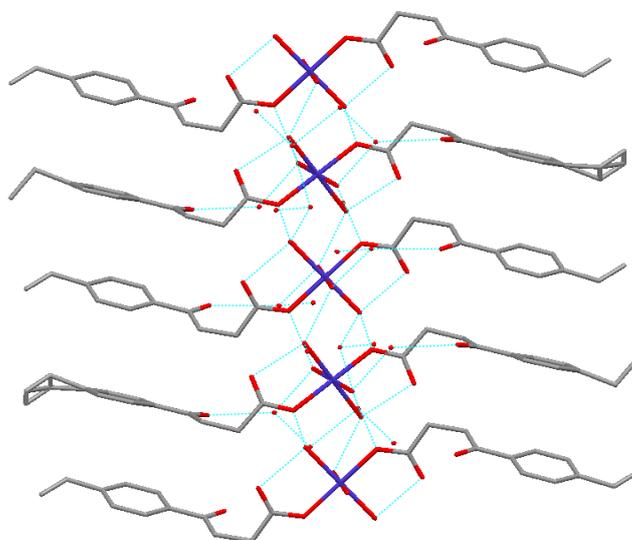


Figure 2. 2D layer structure of Co (II) complex

Table 2. Selected bond lengths (Å) and angles (°) for Co (II) complex

Bond	Distance	Band	Distance
Co1-O1A	2.085(3)	C3-O4	1.219(6)
Co1-O1	2.085(3)	C5-C6	1.395(6)
Co1-O1W	2.146(3)	C5-C10	1.386(6)
Co1-O1WA	2.146(3)	C6-C7	1.372(7)
Co1-O2W	2.090(3)	C8-C9	1.383(7)
Co1-O2WA	2.090(3)	C8-C11	1.581(19)
C1-O1	1.280(5)	C9-C10	1.379(6)
C1-O2	1.229(5)		
Angle	°	Angle	°
O1-Co1-O1A	180.0(15)	O1-Co1-O2W	89.70(12)
O1-Co1-O1WA	90.13(11)	O1-Co1-O2WA	90.30(12)
O1A-Co1-O1W	90.13(11)	O1A-Co1-O1W	180.0
O1A-Co1-O1WA	89.87(11)	O1W-Co1-O2WA	90.48(12)
O1-Co1-O1W	89.87(11)	O1WA-Co1-O2WA	89.52(12)
O1A-Co1-O2WA	89.70(12)	O1W-Co1-O2W	89.52(12)
O1A-Co1-O2W	90.30(12)	O1WA-Co1-O2W	90.48(12)
O2W-Co1-O2WA	180.0	O1-C1-C2	115.1(4)
O3-C4-C3	122.0(4)	O2-C1-O1	124.8(4)
O2-C1-C2	120.1(4)		

Symmetry codes: (A) $-x, 1-y, 1-z$.

4. Conclusion

A new Co (II) complex, $[\text{CoL}_2 \cdot (\text{H}_2\text{O})_4] \cdot 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$, has been synthesized and structural characterized by single crystal X-ray diffraction analysis. The Co (II) complex molecules form 2D layer structure by the intramolecular and intermolecular hydrogen bonds ($\text{O}-\text{H} \cdots \text{O}$) present between the O atoms of uncoordinated and coordinated water molecules and O atoms of 3-(4-ethylbenzoyl) propionic acid.

Acknowledgments

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