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ISSN 2056-9890

# Crystal structure of 4-methoxyphenyl 2-oxo-2H-chromene-3-carboxylate

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Received 6 April 2015; accepted 7 April 2015

Edited by W. T. A. Harrison, University of Aberdeen, Scotland

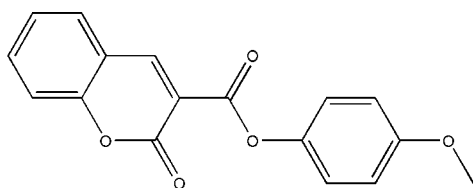
In the title compound, C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>12</sub>O<sub>5</sub>, the dihedral angle between the planes of the coumarin ring system (r.m.s. deviation = 0.015 Å) and the benzene ring is 48.04 (10)°. The central CO<sub>2</sub> group subtends a dihedral angle of 27.15 (11)° with the coumarin ring system and 74.86 (13)° with the benzene ring. In the crystal, molecules are linked by C—H...O interactions, which generate a three-dimensional network. Very weak C—H...π interactions are also observed.

**Keywords:** crystal structure; 2-oxo-2H-chromene; C—H...π interactions; C—H...O interactions.

**CCDC reference:** 1058259

## 1. Related literature

For details of the biological activities of 2-oxo-2H-chromene derivatives, see: Kawase *et al.* (2001); Traven (2004); Lacy & O'Kennedy (2004); Chimenti *et al.* (2009). For related structures, see: Sreenivasa *et al.* (2013); Devarajegowda *et al.*, (2013).



## 2. Experimental

### 2.1. Crystal data

C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>12</sub>O<sub>5</sub>M<sub>r</sub> = 296.27

Orthorhombic, *P*2<sub>1</sub>2<sub>1</sub>2<sub>1</sub>  
*a* = 6.2648 (18) Å  
*b* = 10.435 (3) Å  
*c* = 20.621 (7) Å  
*V* = 1348.0 (7) Å<sup>3</sup>

*Z* = 4  
Mo *K*α radiation  
μ = 0.11 mm<sup>-1</sup>  
*T* = 296 K  
0.22 × 0.20 × 0.18 mm

### 2.2. Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD  
diffractometer  
Absorption correction: multi-scan  
(*SADABS*; Bruker, 2013)  
*T*<sub>min</sub> = 0.977, *T*<sub>max</sub> = 0.981

10472 measured reflections  
2385 independent reflections  
2150 reflections with *I* > 2σ(*I*)  
*R*<sub>int</sub> = 0.050

### 2.3. Refinement

*R* [*F*<sup>2</sup> > 2σ(*F*<sup>2</sup>)] = 0.035  
*wR* (*F*<sup>2</sup>) = 0.085  
*S* = 1.09  
1411 reflections

201 parameters  
H-atom parameters constrained  
Δρ<sub>max</sub> = 0.16 e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
Δρ<sub>min</sub> = -0.16 e Å<sup>-3</sup>

**Table 1**

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

Cg1 and Cg2 are the centroids of the C1/C6/C7/C8/C9/O1 and C1/C2/C3/C4/C5/C6 rings, respectively.

<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>
C17—H17B...O5 <sup>i</sup>	0.96	2.50	3.228 (3)	132
C12—H12...O2 <sup>ii</sup>	0.93	2.48	3.353 (3)	156
C15—H15...O2 <sup>iii</sup>	0.93	2.50	3.207 (3)	133
C3—H3...O3 <sup>iv</sup>	0.93	2.47	3.272 (4)	145
C5—H5...Cg1 <sup>v</sup>	0.93	2.82	3.303 (3)	114
C17—H17C...Cg2 <sup>vi</sup>	0.93	2.96	3.709 (4)	136

Symmetry codes: (i) *x* - ½, -*y* + ½, -*z* + 1; (ii) *x* - 1, *y*, *z*; (iii) -*x* + 2, *y* + ½, -*z* + ½; (iv) -*x* + ½, -*y* + 1, *z* - ½; (v) -*x*, *y* + ½, -*z* + ½; (vi) *x* + ½, -*y* + ½, -*z* - 1.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2013); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2013); data reduction: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2013); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL2014* (Sheldrick, 2015); molecular graphics: *Mercury* (Macrae *et al.*, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL2014* (Sheldrick, 2015).

## Acknowledgements

BSP thanks Dr Biraj, Sophisticated Analytical Instrumentation Centre (SAIC), Tezpur University, Assam, for his help in data collection and UGC, Government of India, for financial support under Minor Research Project.

Supporting information for this paper is available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HB7399).

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## supporting information

*Acta Cryst.* (2015). E71, o374–o375 [doi:10.1107/S2056989015006970]

## Crystal structure of 4-methoxyphenyl 2-oxo-2H-chromene-3-carboxylate

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### S1. Chemical context

The 2-oxo-2H-chromene is a useful starting material for the construction of heterocyclic compounds with a broad spectrum of biological activities. Especially the 3-substituted derivatives exhibits pharmacological effects such as analgesic, anti-arthritis, anti-inflammatory, anti-pyretic, anti-viral, anti-cancer and anticoagulant properties (Chimenti *et al.*, 2009; Traven *et al.*, 2004; Lacy *et al.*, 2004). Moreover, these derivatives are well known for their anti-microbial activity toward different microorganisms, they show anti-microbial activity with reference to anti-*H. pylori* activity. (Kawase *et al.*, 2001).

2-oxo-2H-chromenes (coumarins) have been also used in the field of medicine, cosmetics and fluorescent dyes. They are efficient fluorophores characterized by good emission quantum yields and are used as materials for lasers in organic light emitting devices, non-linear optical chromophores and fluorescent labels. Keeping these facts in mind and in continuation of our work on 2-oxo-2H-chromene derivatives (Sreenivasa *et al.*, 2013; Palakshamurthy, Sreenivasa *et al.*, 2013; Palakshamurthy, Devarajegowda *et al.*, 2013; Devarajegowda, *et al.*, 2013), herein we report the synthesis and crystal structure of 4-Methoxyphenyl 2-oxo-2H-chromene-3-carboxylate (I).

### S2. Structural commentary

In the title molecule (I), C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>12</sub>O<sub>5</sub>, the coumarin ring is almost planar, the rms deviation (considering non Hydrogen atom) being 0.012 (1) Å. The dihedral angle between the coumarin ring and the phenyl ring in (I) is 48.04 (10)°. Compared to this, the dihedral angle is 21.11 (1)° in 4-(octyloxy)phenyl 2-oxo-2H-chromene-3-carboxylate (II) (Palakshamurthy, Devarajegowda *et al.*, 2013), 62.97 (2)° in 4-(decyloxy)phenyl 7-(trifluoromethyl)-2-oxo-2H-chromene-3-carboxylate (III) (Palakshamurthy, Sreenivasa *et al.*, 2013b), 22.95 (11)° in 4'-Cyanobiphenyl-4-yl 7-diethylamino-2-oxo-2H-chromene-3-carboxylate (IV) (Sreenivasa *et al.*, 2013) and 54.46 (17)° in 4-[4-(Heptyloxy)benzoyloxy] phenyl 2-oxo-7-trifluoromethyl-2H-chromene-3-carboxylate (V) (Devarajegowda, *et al.*, 2013). Further, in (I), the dihedral angle between the central ester chain [C8—C10(O3)—O4] and the phenyl ring and the coumarin ring are 74.86 (10)° and 27.16 (8)° respectively. The methoxy group is slightly out of plane from the attached benzene ring, the C17—O5—C14—C13 torsion being 10.3 (3)°.

### S3. Supramolecular features

In the crystal structure, the molecules are linked into zig-zag C9 chains along *c* axis via C3—H3···O3 intermolecular interactions. Further, C12—H12···O2 interactions between the molecules in the neighbouring chains leads to C8 chains along *a* axis, and thus forming sheets in the *ac* plane. These sheets are interconnected via an intermolecular C15—H15···O2 interactions which form helical C7 chains running along *b* axis, and hence a three dimensional architecture is displayed. An additional C17—H17B···O5 interactions between the molecules in the neighbouring C7 helical chains leading to the formation of C3 chains along *a* axis results in sheets along *ab* plane. Thus, a grid like three dimensional

structure is observed. Packing of the molecules displaying the columns formed along *a* axis is shown in Figure 2.

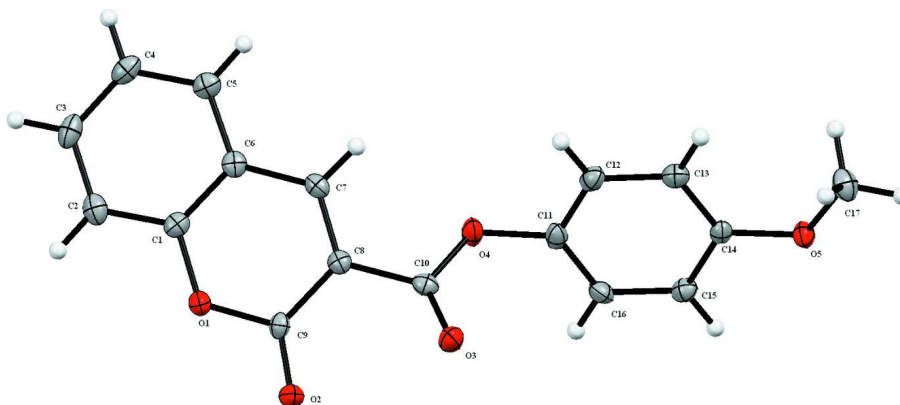
The packing also features C5—H5...Cg1 and C17—H17C...Cg2 interactions (where Cg1 and the Cg2 are the centroids of the rings C1/C6/C7/C8/C9/O1 and C1/C2/C3/C4/C5/C6 respectively), as shown in Figure 3.

#### S4. Synthesis and crystallization

A solution of dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (DCC) dissolved in dried CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> was added to a solution containing coumarin 3-carboxylic acid (1.0 mmol) and 4-methoxyphenol (1.0 mmol) and a catalytic amount of N—N-Dimethylaminopyrimidine (DMAP) in anhydrous dichloromethane (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>), under stirring, After 24 hrs of stirring, dicyclohexylurea was filtered off and the solution was concentrated. The solid residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (60–120) using chloroform (CHCl<sub>3</sub>) as an eluent. Colourless prisms of the title compound were grown by slow evaporation of an ethanol solution at room temperature.

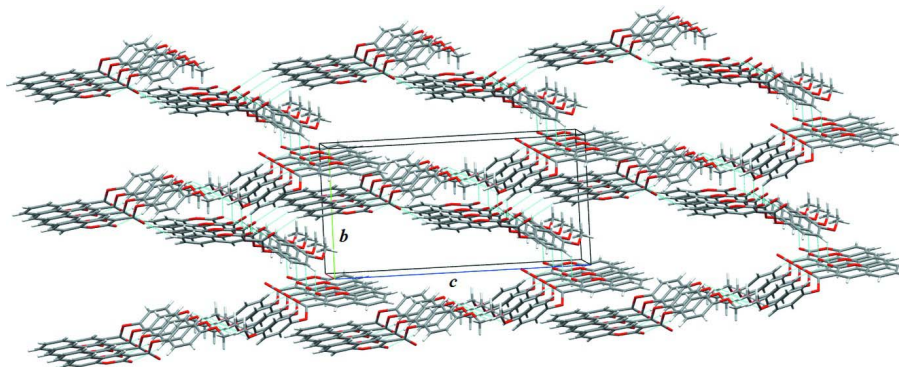
#### S5. Refinement details

Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement details are summarized in Table 1. The H atoms were positioned with idealized geometry using a riding model with C—H = 0.93–0.99 Å. All H-atoms were refined with isotropic displacement parameters (set to 1.2–1.5 times of the U eq of the parent atom).



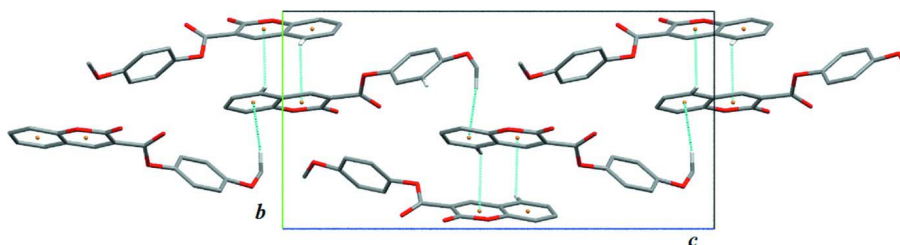
**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of the title compound, showing displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level.

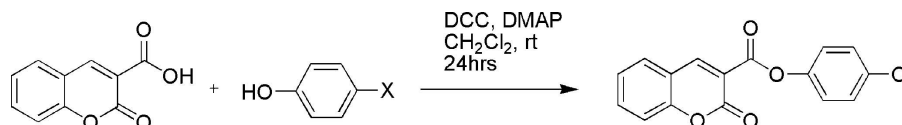


**Figure 2**

The packing of (I) showing grid like structure when viewed along *a* axis.

**Figure 3**

The packing of (I) showing C—H... $\pi$  interactions when viewed along  $a$  axis.

**Figure 4**

The formation of the title compound.

#### 4-Methoxyphenyl 2-oxo-2H-chromene-3-carboxylate

##### Crystal data

$C_{17}H_{12}O_5$   
 $M_r = 296.27$   
 Orthorhombic,  $P2_12_12_1$   
 $a = 6.2648 (18) \text{ \AA}$   
 $b = 10.435 (3) \text{ \AA}$   
 $c = 20.621 (7) \text{ \AA}$   
 $V = 1348.0 (7) \text{ \AA}^3$   
 $Z = 4$   
 $F(000) = 616$   
 prism

$D_x = 1.460 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$   
 Melting point: 435 K  
 Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$   
 Cell parameters from 2385 reflections  
 $\theta = 2.0\text{--}25.0^\circ$   
 $\mu = 0.11 \text{ mm}^{-1}$   
 $T = 296 \text{ K}$   
 Prism, colourless  
 $0.22 \times 0.20 \times 0.18 \text{ mm}$

##### Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD  
 diffractometer  
 Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube  
 Graphite monochromator  
 Detector resolution:  $2.01 \text{ pixels mm}^{-1}$   
 $\phi$  and  $\omega$  scans  
 Absorption correction: multi-scan  
 (*SADABS*; Bruker, 2013)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.977$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.981$

10472 measured reflections  
 2385 independent reflections  
 2150 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.050$   
 $\theta_{\max} = 25.0^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\min} = 2.0^\circ$   
 $h = -7 \rightarrow 5$   
 $k = -12 \rightarrow 12$   
 $l = -24 \rightarrow 23$

##### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$   
 Least-squares matrix: full  
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.035$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.085$   
 $S = 1.09$   
 1411 reflections  
 201 parameters  
 0 restraints  
 0 constraints  
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
 direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
 map  
 Hydrogen site location: inferred from  
 neighbouring sites  
 H-atom parameters constrained  
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0342P)^2 + 0.2933P]$   
 where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$   
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.16 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.16 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Extinction correction: *SHELXL2014* (Sheldrick, 2015),  $F_c^* = kF_c [1 + 0.001x F_c^2 \lambda^3 / \sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$

Extinction coefficient: 0.010 (3)

### Special details

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

### Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
O5	0.2218 (3)	0.80557 (17)	0.42819 (9)	0.0181 (5)
O4	0.5756 (3)	0.70623 (17)	0.18810 (9)	0.0213 (5)
O1	1.0215 (3)	0.54316 (17)	0.02385 (9)	0.0172 (5)
O2	1.1382 (3)	0.53880 (19)	0.12431 (9)	0.0221 (5)
O3	0.8203 (3)	0.56290 (18)	0.22324 (9)	0.0216 (5)
C17	0.0344 (5)	0.7406 (3)	0.44957 (15)	0.0235 (7)
H17A	−0.0827	0.7619	0.4215	0.035*
H17B	0.0014	0.7664	0.4931	0.035*
H17C	0.0584	0.6497	0.4484	0.035*
C14	0.3033 (5)	0.7725 (2)	0.36853 (13)	0.0146 (6)
C13	0.1987 (5)	0.6954 (2)	0.32378 (13)	0.0185 (6)
H13	0.0656	0.6606	0.3333	0.022*
C12	0.2960 (5)	0.6709 (2)	0.26457 (14)	0.0195 (7)
H12	0.2284	0.6191	0.2341	0.023*
C11	0.4914 (5)	0.7230 (2)	0.25097 (13)	0.0189 (6)
C10	0.7332 (4)	0.6180 (2)	0.17961 (14)	0.0164 (6)
C8	0.7751 (4)	0.6021 (2)	0.10923 (13)	0.0143 (6)
C9	0.9873 (5)	0.5583 (2)	0.08977 (13)	0.0153 (6)
C1	0.8638 (5)	0.5612 (2)	−0.02156 (13)	0.0155 (6)
C2	0.9148 (5)	0.5377 (2)	−0.08562 (14)	0.0204 (7)
H2	1.0497	0.5080	−0.0969	0.024*
C3	0.7610 (5)	0.5592 (3)	−0.13272 (14)	0.0223 (7)
H3	0.7935	0.5448	−0.1761	0.027*
C7	0.6224 (5)	0.6229 (2)	0.06469 (13)	0.0148 (6)
H7	0.4887	0.6511	0.0781	0.018*
C6	0.6609 (4)	0.6025 (2)	−0.00282 (13)	0.0153 (6)
C5	0.5082 (5)	0.6226 (2)	−0.05175 (13)	0.0181 (6)
H5	0.3717	0.6500	−0.0407	0.022*
C4	0.5591 (5)	0.6021 (3)	−0.11558 (14)	0.0204 (7)
H4	0.4575	0.6169	−0.1476	0.024*
C15	0.5015 (5)	0.8245 (2)	0.35439 (13)	0.0173 (6)
H15	0.5705	0.8756	0.3849	0.021*
C16	0.5972 (5)	0.8008 (3)	0.29511 (14)	0.0187 (7)
H16	0.7294	0.8361	0.2851	0.022*

*Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
O5	0.0178 (11)	0.0206 (9)	0.0160 (11)	−0.0012 (9)	0.0043 (8)	−0.0010 (8)
O4	0.0249 (12)	0.0249 (10)	0.0140 (11)	0.0105 (9)	0.0029 (8)	0.0000 (8)
O1	0.0158 (11)	0.0205 (9)	0.0154 (11)	0.0007 (9)	0.0018 (8)	−0.0017 (8)
O2	0.0175 (12)	0.0299 (11)	0.0189 (11)	0.0057 (9)	−0.0032 (9)	−0.0045 (8)
O3	0.0218 (12)	0.0276 (10)	0.0153 (11)	0.0042 (10)	−0.0001 (9)	0.0035 (8)
C17	0.0247 (19)	0.0205 (14)	0.0252 (17)	−0.0036 (13)	0.0078 (14)	0.0008 (12)
C14	0.0177 (16)	0.0133 (12)	0.0128 (15)	0.0039 (12)	0.0004 (12)	0.0022 (10)
C13	0.0173 (16)	0.0183 (13)	0.0198 (16)	0.0002 (13)	−0.0019 (13)	0.0006 (12)
C12	0.0230 (18)	0.0187 (14)	0.0169 (16)	0.0033 (13)	−0.0034 (13)	−0.0039 (11)
C11	0.0223 (17)	0.0198 (14)	0.0146 (15)	0.0070 (13)	0.0012 (12)	0.0007 (12)
C10	0.0139 (16)	0.0148 (13)	0.0204 (17)	−0.0021 (12)	0.0000 (13)	0.0012 (12)
C8	0.0154 (16)	0.0114 (12)	0.0163 (15)	−0.0017 (11)	0.0004 (12)	−0.0005 (11)
C9	0.0195 (17)	0.0125 (12)	0.0138 (15)	−0.0008 (12)	0.0019 (13)	−0.0013 (10)
C1	0.0186 (17)	0.0118 (12)	0.0162 (15)	−0.0028 (12)	−0.0013 (12)	0.0016 (11)
C2	0.0233 (17)	0.0151 (13)	0.0228 (17)	−0.0018 (12)	0.0056 (13)	−0.0018 (12)
C3	0.034 (2)	0.0186 (13)	0.0145 (16)	−0.0064 (13)	0.0031 (14)	−0.0009 (12)
C7	0.0135 (16)	0.0108 (12)	0.0202 (17)	−0.0005 (11)	0.0021 (12)	−0.0003 (11)
C6	0.0183 (17)	0.0097 (11)	0.0178 (16)	−0.0030 (12)	0.0017 (13)	0.0010 (11)
C5	0.0211 (17)	0.0127 (13)	0.0206 (16)	0.0006 (12)	−0.0020 (14)	0.0011 (11)
C4	0.0298 (19)	0.0143 (13)	0.0171 (16)	−0.0027 (13)	−0.0056 (13)	0.0017 (11)
C15	0.0188 (16)	0.0143 (12)	0.0189 (15)	−0.0001 (12)	−0.0030 (13)	−0.0019 (11)
C16	0.0125 (15)	0.0220 (14)	0.0216 (16)	0.0013 (12)	0.0020 (12)	0.0013 (12)

*Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ )*

O5—C14	1.376 (3)	C10—C8	1.484 (4)
O5—C17	1.426 (3)	C8—C7	1.344 (4)
O4—C10	1.361 (3)	C8—C9	1.462 (4)
O4—C11	1.411 (3)	C1—C2	1.381 (4)
O1—C1	1.374 (3)	C1—C6	1.397 (4)
O1—C9	1.385 (3)	C2—C3	1.386 (4)
O2—C9	1.201 (3)	C2—H2	0.9300
O3—C10	1.199 (3)	C3—C4	1.388 (4)
C17—H17A	0.9600	C3—H3	0.9300
C17—H17B	0.9600	C7—C6	1.429 (4)
C17—H17C	0.9600	C7—H7	0.9300
C14—C15	1.386 (4)	C6—C5	1.406 (4)
C14—C13	1.389 (4)	C5—C4	1.371 (4)
C13—C12	1.388 (4)	C5—H5	0.9300
C13—H13	0.9300	C4—H4	0.9300
C12—C11	1.368 (4)	C15—C16	1.384 (4)
C12—H12	0.9300	C15—H15	0.9300
C11—C16	1.388 (4)	C16—H16	0.9300
C14—O5—C17	117.6 (2)	O1—C9—C8	116.5 (2)

C10—O4—C11	118.2 (2)	O1—C1—C2	117.5 (3)
C1—O1—C9	122.8 (2)	O1—C1—C6	120.5 (2)
O5—C17—H17A	109.5	C2—C1—C6	122.0 (3)
O5—C17—H17B	109.5	C1—C2—C3	118.7 (3)
H17A—C17—H17B	109.5	C1—C2—H2	120.6
O5—C17—H17C	109.5	C3—C2—H2	120.6
H17A—C17—H17C	109.5	C2—C3—C4	120.5 (3)
H17B—C17—H17C	109.5	C2—C3—H3	119.8
O5—C14—C15	115.0 (2)	C4—C3—H3	119.8
O5—C14—C13	124.4 (3)	C8—C7—C6	121.4 (3)
C15—C14—C13	120.7 (3)	C8—C7—H7	119.3
C12—C13—C14	118.9 (3)	C6—C7—H7	119.3
C12—C13—H13	120.5	C1—C6—C5	117.8 (3)
C14—C13—H13	120.5	C1—C6—C7	118.0 (3)
C11—C12—C13	120.0 (3)	C5—C6—C7	124.2 (3)
C11—C12—H12	120.0	C4—C5—C6	120.5 (3)
C13—C12—H12	120.0	C4—C5—H5	119.8
C12—C11—C16	121.7 (3)	C6—C5—H5	119.8
C12—C11—O4	118.3 (3)	C5—C4—C3	120.5 (3)
C16—C11—O4	119.8 (3)	C5—C4—H4	119.8
O3—C10—O4	123.9 (3)	C3—C4—H4	119.8
O3—C10—C8	126.8 (3)	C16—C15—C14	120.2 (3)
O4—C10—C8	109.2 (2)	C16—C15—H15	119.9
C7—C8—C9	120.7 (3)	C14—C15—H15	119.9
C7—C8—C10	121.6 (3)	C15—C16—C11	118.5 (3)
C9—C8—C10	117.7 (2)	C15—C16—H16	120.7
O2—C9—O1	116.2 (3)	C11—C16—H16	120.7
O2—C9—C8	127.3 (3)		
C17—O5—C14—C15	−170.9 (2)	C9—O1—C1—C6	3.2 (3)
C17—O5—C14—C13	10.3 (4)	O1—C1—C2—C3	−177.9 (2)
O5—C14—C13—C12	178.8 (2)	C6—C1—C2—C3	1.8 (4)
C15—C14—C13—C12	0.1 (4)	C1—C2—C3—C4	−0.8 (4)
C14—C13—C12—C11	−0.3 (4)	C9—C8—C7—C6	0.3 (4)
C13—C12—C11—C16	0.0 (4)	C10—C8—C7—C6	−177.4 (2)
C13—C12—C11—O4	−174.0 (2)	O1—C1—C6—C5	178.3 (2)
C10—O4—C11—C12	−103.6 (3)	C2—C1—C6—C5	−1.4 (4)
C10—O4—C11—C16	82.4 (3)	O1—C1—C6—C7	−1.1 (3)
C11—O4—C10—O3	−8.0 (4)	C2—C1—C6—C7	179.3 (2)
C11—O4—C10—C8	171.6 (2)	C8—C7—C6—C1	−0.6 (4)
O3—C10—C8—C7	151.7 (3)	C8—C7—C6—C5	−179.9 (2)
O4—C10—C8—C7	−27.9 (3)	C1—C6—C5—C4	0.0 (4)
O3—C10—C8—C9	−26.2 (4)	C7—C6—C5—C4	179.3 (2)
O4—C10—C8—C9	154.2 (2)	C6—C5—C4—C3	1.0 (4)
C1—O1—C9—O2	179.5 (2)	C2—C3—C4—C5	−0.6 (4)
C1—O1—C9—C8	−3.3 (3)	O5—C14—C15—C16	−178.4 (2)
C7—C8—C9—O2	178.4 (3)	C13—C14—C15—C16	0.5 (4)
C10—C8—C9—O2	−3.8 (4)	C14—C15—C16—C11	−0.8 (4)



C7—C8—C9—O1	1.6 (3)	C12—C11—C16—C15	0.6 (4)
C10—C8—C9—O1	179.4 (2)	O4—C11—C16—C15	174.4 (2)
C9—O1—C1—C2	−177.2 (2)		

*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

Cg1 and Cg2 are the centroids of the C1/C6/C7/C8/C9/O1 and C1/C2/C3/C4/C5/C6 rings, respectively.

<i>D</i> —H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>
C17—H17B $\cdots$ O5 <sup>i</sup>	0.96	2.50	3.228 (3)	132
C12—H12 $\cdots$ O2 <sup>ii</sup>	0.93	2.48	3.353 (3)	156
C15—H15 $\cdots$ O2 <sup>iii</sup>	0.93	2.50	3.207 (3)	133
C3—H3 $\cdots$ O3 <sup>iv</sup>	0.93	2.47	3.272 (4)	145
C5—H5 $\cdots$ Cg1 <sup>v</sup>	0.93	2.82	3.303 (3)	114
C17—H17C $\cdots$ Cg2 <sup>vi</sup>	0.93	2.96	3.709 (4)	136

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x-1/2, -y+3/2, -z+1$ ; (ii)  $x-1, y, z$ ; (iii)  $-x+2, y+1/2, -z+1/2$ ; (iv)  $-x+3/2, -y+1, z-1/2$ ; (v)  $-x, y+1/2, -z+3/2$ ; (vi)  $x+3/2, -y+1/2, -z-1$ .