

Crystal structure of methyl (*E*)-2-(1-methyl-2-oxoindolin-3-ylidene)acetate

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The title compound, C₁₂H₁₁NO₃, is essentially planar, with the mean plane of the acetate side chain [—C—C(=O)—O—C] being inclined to the mean plane of the indole ring system by 12.49 (7)°. The five- and six-membered rings of the indole group are almost coplanar, making a dihedral angle of 1.76 (8)°. The conformation about the C=C bond is *E* and there is an intramolecular C—H...O hydrogen bond present. In the crystal, molecules are linked by pairs of C—H...O hydrogen bonds forming inversion dimers, with an *R*₂²(16) ring motif. The dimers are linked by a second pair of C—H...O hydrogen bonds, enclosing *R*₂²(16) ring motifs, forming ribbons lying parallel to (114). The ribbons are linked *via* C—H... π interactions, forming a three-dimensional structure.

Keywords: crystal structure; indole; 3-substituted indoles; C—H...O hydrogen bonds; C—H... π interactions; π — π stacking interactions.

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1. Related literature

For general background to the synthesis of 3-substituted indole derivatives as precursors of potent anti-inflammatory and analgesic agents, see: Radwan *et al.* (2007). For related structures, see: Bhella *et al.* (2009); Hou & Li (2011).

2. Experimental

2.1. Crystal data

C₁₂H₁₁NO₃
M_r = 217.22
Monoclinic, *P*2₁/*n*
a = 11.6814 (7) Å
b = 5.6106 (4) Å
c = 16.5299 (11) Å
 β = 108.713 (2)°
V = 1026.09 (12) Å³
Z = 4
Mo *K* α radiation
 μ = 0.10 mm^{−1}
T = 293 K
0.35 × 0.30 × 0.30 mm

2.2. Data collection

Bruker Kappa APEXII CCD diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Bruker, 2004)
*T*_{min} = 0.948, *T*_{max} = 0.955
14793 measured reflections
1809 independent reflections
1528 reflections with *I* > 2 σ (*I*)
*R*_{int} = 0.023

2.3. Refinement

R [*F*² > 2 σ (*F*²)] = 0.033
wR(*F*²) = 0.093
S = 1.05
1809 reflections
148 parameters
H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}}$ = 0.18 e Å^{−3}
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}}$ = −0.13 e Å^{−3}

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

Cg1 is the centroid of ring C6—C11.

<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>
C8—H8...O2	0.93	2.29	2.988 (2)	132
C9—H9...O2 ⁱ	0.93	2.50	3.387 (2)	159
C1—H1A...O3 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.96	2.57	3.526 (2)	175
C11—H11...Cg ⁱⁱⁱ	0.93	2.83	3.558 (2)	135

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+2, -y, -z+1$; (ii) $-x+1, -y-1, -z+1$; (iii) $-x+\frac{3}{2}, y+\frac{1}{2}, -z+\frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2004); cell refinement: *APEX2* and *SAINT* (Bruker, 2004); data reduction: *SAINT* and *XPREF* (Bruker, 2004); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL2014* (Sheldrick, 2015); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 2012), *PLATON* (Spek, 2009) and *Mercury* (Macrae *et al.*, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL2014* and *PLATON*.

Acknowledgements

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Supporting information for this paper is available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: SU5085).

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supporting information

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Crystal structure of methyl (*E*)-2-(1-methyl-2-oxoindolin-3-ylidene)acetate

M. P. Savithri, P. S. Yuvaraj, B. S. R. Reddy, R. Raja and A. SubbiahPandi

S1. Comment

The indole skeleton is a key component of many biologically active compounds and 3-substituted indole derivatives have been evaluated as precursors of potent anti-inflammatory and analgesic agents (Radwan *et al.*, 2007). Herein, we report on the synthesis and crystal structure of the title compound.

In the title compound (Fig. 1), all bond lengths and angles are normal and comparable with those reported for similar structures (Bhella *et al.*, 2009; Hou & Li, 2011). The five-membered ring (N1/C4–C7) and the six-membered ring (C6–C11) of the the indole group are almost co-planar, with a dihedral angle of 1.76 (8)°.

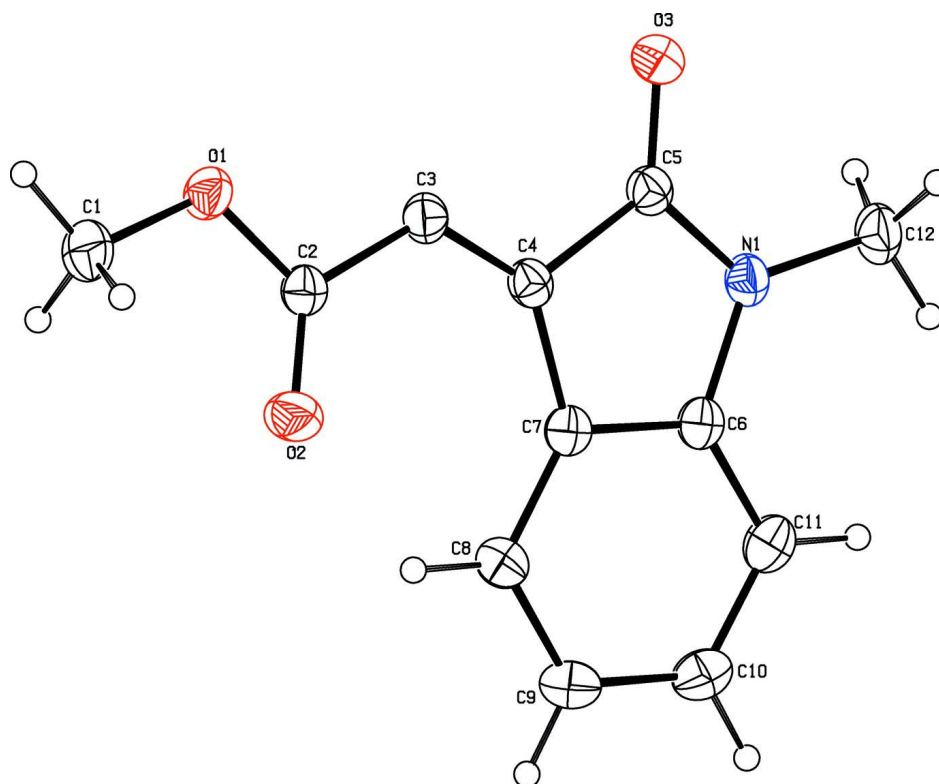
In the crystal, molecules are linked by pairs of C–H···O hydrogen bonds forming inversion dimers, with an $R^2_2(16)$ ring motif (Table 1 and Fig. 2). The dimers are linked by a second pair of C–H···O hydrogen bonds, enclosing $R^2_2(16)$ ring motifs, forming ribbons lying parallel to ($\bar{1}$ 14); see Table 1 and Fig. 2. The ribbons are linked via C–H··· π interactions (Table 1 and Fig. 3) forming a three-dimensional structure.

S2. Experimental

A mixture of isatin and 1.5 eq of methylbromoacetate were dissolved in DMF with potassium tert-butoxide as catalyst. Th reaction mixture was refluxed at 353 K for 2 h. On completion of the reaction, monitored by thin layer chromatography, the mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate and water. The product was dried and purified by column chromatography using ethyl acetate and hexane (1:9) as an eluent to afford the title compound (yield: 90 %). Colourless block-like crystals were obtained by slow evaporation of a solution in ethyl acetate at room temperature.

S3. Refinement

All the H atoms were fixed geometrically and allowed to ride on their parent C atoms: C–H = 0.93 - 0.98 Å with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ for methyl H atoms and = $1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ for other H atoms.

**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of the title compound, with atom labelling. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level.

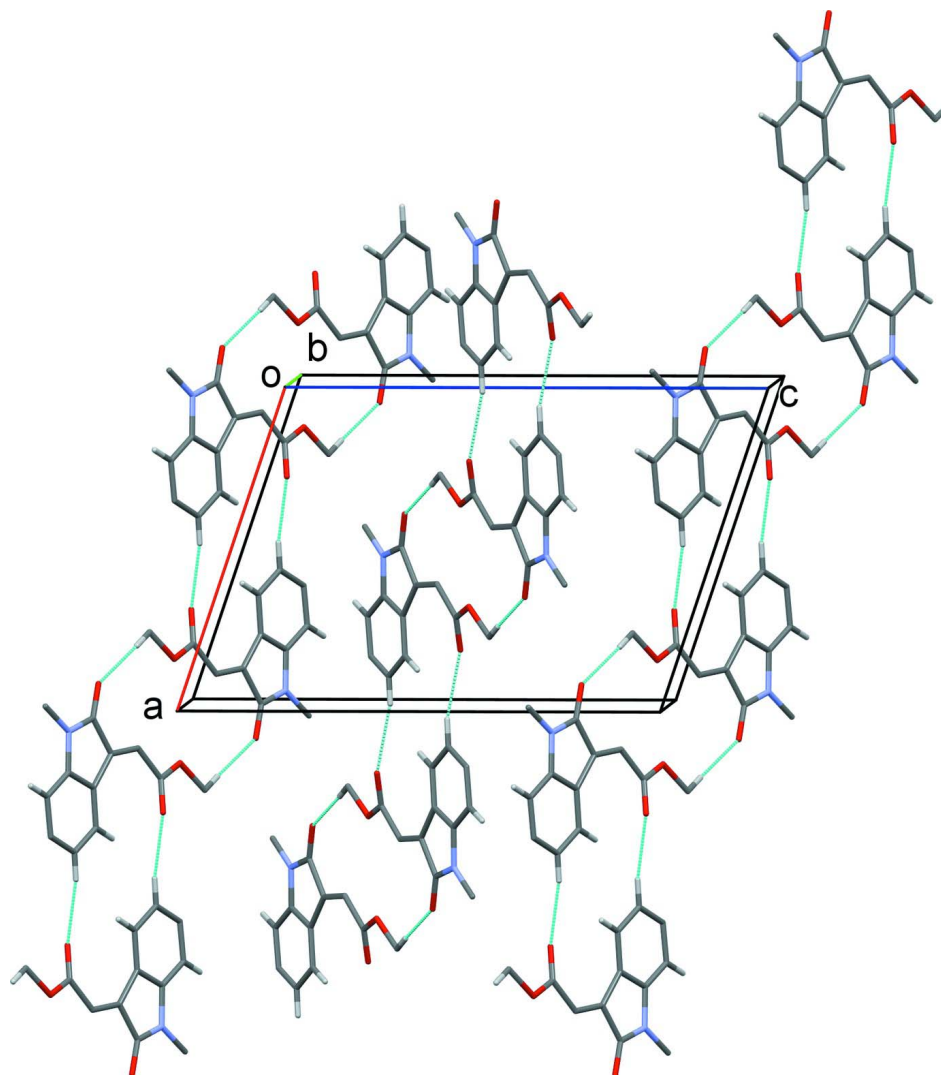


Figure 2

A partial view along the *b* axis of the crystal packing of the title compound. The hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines (see Table 1 for details; H atoms not involved in hydrogen bonding have been omitted for clarity).

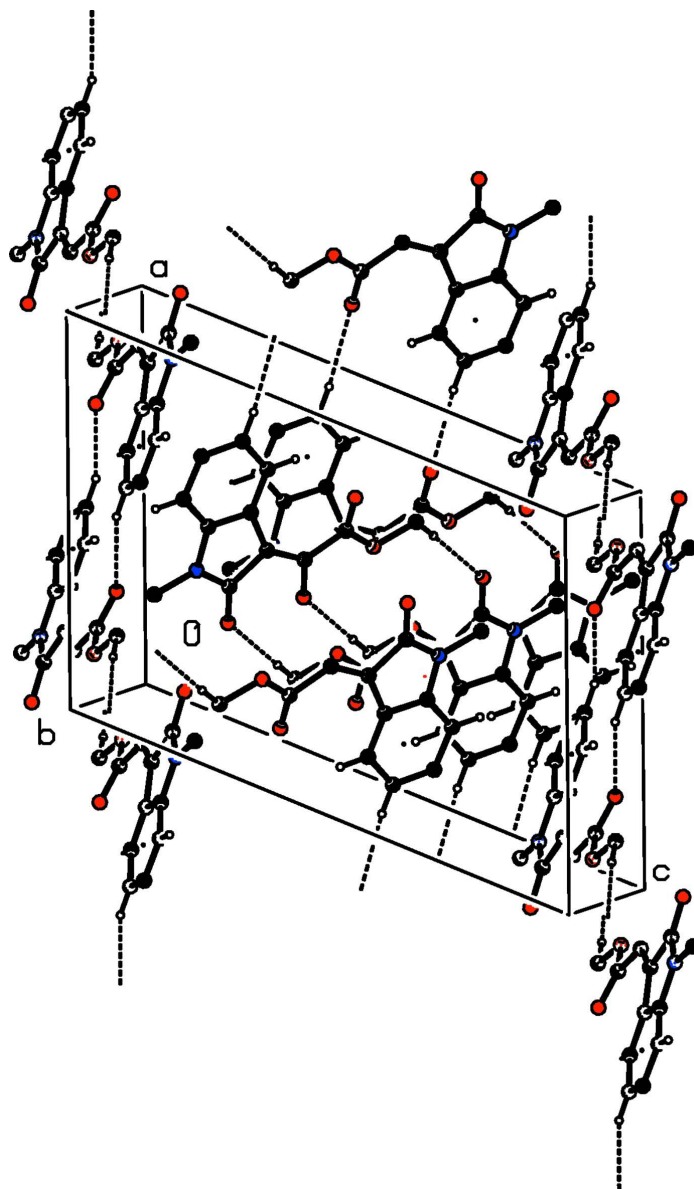


Figure 3

The crystal packing of the title compound viewed along the *b* axis. The hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines (see Table 1 for details; H atoms not involved in hydrogen bonding have been omitted for clarity).

Methyl (*E*)-2-(1-methyl-2-oxoindolin-3-ylidene)acetate

Crystal data

$C_{12}H_{11}NO_3$

$M_r = 217.22$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$

Hall symbol: $-P\ 2_1n$

$a = 11.6814\ (7)\ \text{\AA}$

$b = 5.6106\ (4)\ \text{\AA}$

$c = 16.5299\ (11)\ \text{\AA}$

$\beta = 108.713\ (2)^\circ$

$V = 1026.09\ (12)\ \text{\AA}^3$

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 456$

$D_x = 1.406\ \text{Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073\ \text{\AA}$

Cell parameters from 1809 reflections

$\theta = 2.6\text{--}25.0^\circ$

$\mu = 0.10\ \text{mm}^{-1}$

$T = 293$ K
Block, colourless

$0.35 \times 0.30 \times 0.30$ mm

Data collection

Bruker Kappa APEXII CCD
diffractometer
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
Graphite monochromator
 ω and φ scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(*SADABS*; Bruker, 2004)
 $T_{\min} = 0.948$, $T_{\max} = 0.955$

14793 measured reflections
1809 independent reflections
1528 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.023$
 $\theta_{\max} = 25.0^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 2.6^\circ$
 $h = -13 \rightarrow 13$
 $k = -6 \rightarrow 6$
 $l = -19 \rightarrow 19$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.033$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.093$
 $S = 1.05$
1809 reflections
148 parameters
0 restraints
Hydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0431P)^2 + 0.3282P]$
where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.18$ e \AA^{-3}
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.13$ e \AA^{-3}
Extinction correction: *SHELXL2014* (Sheldrick,
2015), $F_c^* = kF_c[1 + 0.001x\text{Fc}^2\lambda^3/\sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$
Extinction coefficient: 0.008 (2)

Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
O1	0.65902 (9)	−0.46212 (19)	0.54283 (6)	0.0431 (3)
O2	0.80169 (10)	−0.1929 (2)	0.54829 (8)	0.0552 (4)
O3	0.39479 (9)	0.0890 (2)	0.33278 (7)	0.0482 (3)
N1	0.53182 (11)	0.3529 (2)	0.31063 (8)	0.0373 (3)
C1	0.74710 (16)	−0.5928 (3)	0.60928 (11)	0.0522 (5)
H1A	0.7104	−0.7341	0.6227	0.078*
H1B	0.7760	−0.4949	0.6593	0.078*
H1C	0.8135	−0.6366	0.5901	0.078*
C2	0.69963 (13)	−0.2616 (3)	0.51875 (9)	0.0361 (4)
C3	0.60129 (13)	−0.1379 (3)	0.45343 (9)	0.0365 (4)
H3	0.5236	−0.1964	0.4439	0.044*
C4	0.61193 (12)	0.0491 (3)	0.40656 (9)	0.0337 (3)
C5	0.49776 (13)	0.1589 (3)	0.34670 (9)	0.0354 (3)
C6	0.65784 (13)	0.3756 (3)	0.33871 (9)	0.0353 (4)
C7	0.71103 (13)	0.1927 (3)	0.39651 (9)	0.0344 (3)
C8	0.83571 (14)	0.1806 (3)	0.42921 (10)	0.0418 (4)
H8	0.8729	0.0592	0.4667	0.050*
C9	0.90449 (15)	0.3510 (3)	0.40554 (11)	0.0473 (4)

H9	0.9884	0.3436	0.4272	0.057*
C10	0.84974 (16)	0.5317 (3)	0.35007 (11)	0.0489 (4)
H10	0.8975	0.6462	0.3358	0.059*
C11	0.72544 (15)	0.5465 (3)	0.31528 (10)	0.0442 (4)
H11	0.6889	0.6676	0.2774	0.053*
C12	0.44906 (15)	0.5083 (3)	0.24895 (11)	0.0480 (4)
H12A	0.4669	0.5039	0.1962	0.072*
H12B	0.4579	0.6684	0.2706	0.072*
H12C	0.3676	0.4554	0.2393	0.072*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
O1	0.0453 (6)	0.0360 (6)	0.0424 (6)	−0.0008 (5)	0.0062 (5)	0.0067 (5)
O2	0.0384 (7)	0.0578 (8)	0.0610 (8)	−0.0034 (6)	0.0042 (5)	0.0181 (6)
O3	0.0353 (6)	0.0460 (7)	0.0569 (7)	−0.0001 (5)	0.0060 (5)	0.0046 (5)
N1	0.0380 (7)	0.0339 (7)	0.0364 (7)	0.0047 (5)	0.0071 (5)	0.0032 (5)
C1	0.0551 (10)	0.0466 (10)	0.0482 (10)	0.0047 (8)	0.0073 (8)	0.0154 (8)
C2	0.0381 (8)	0.0345 (8)	0.0356 (8)	0.0018 (7)	0.0118 (6)	0.0009 (6)
C3	0.0348 (8)	0.0346 (8)	0.0388 (8)	0.0014 (6)	0.0102 (6)	−0.0010 (6)
C4	0.0352 (8)	0.0329 (8)	0.0320 (7)	0.0034 (6)	0.0092 (6)	−0.0037 (6)
C5	0.0371 (8)	0.0331 (8)	0.0342 (8)	0.0022 (6)	0.0087 (6)	−0.0038 (6)
C6	0.0405 (8)	0.0342 (8)	0.0318 (7)	0.0019 (6)	0.0122 (6)	−0.0040 (6)
C7	0.0381 (8)	0.0338 (8)	0.0317 (7)	0.0013 (6)	0.0117 (6)	−0.0034 (6)
C8	0.0371 (8)	0.0461 (9)	0.0407 (8)	0.0022 (7)	0.0105 (7)	0.0007 (7)
C9	0.0384 (9)	0.0563 (11)	0.0479 (9)	−0.0064 (8)	0.0147 (7)	−0.0029 (8)
C10	0.0518 (10)	0.0488 (10)	0.0500 (10)	−0.0118 (8)	0.0219 (8)	−0.0011 (8)
C11	0.0552 (10)	0.0386 (9)	0.0404 (8)	−0.0013 (8)	0.0175 (7)	0.0016 (7)
C12	0.0505 (10)	0.0393 (9)	0.0464 (9)	0.0080 (7)	0.0046 (7)	0.0053 (7)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

O1—C2	1.3303 (18)	C4—C5	1.513 (2)
O1—C1	1.4415 (18)	C6—C11	1.374 (2)
O2—C2	1.1980 (18)	C6—C7	1.404 (2)
O3—C5	1.2149 (17)	C7—C8	1.383 (2)
N1—C5	1.3604 (19)	C8—C9	1.384 (2)
N1—C6	1.4001 (19)	C8—H8	0.9300
N1—C12	1.4498 (19)	C9—C10	1.379 (2)
C1—H1A	0.9600	C9—H9	0.9300
C1—H1B	0.9600	C10—C11	1.382 (2)
C1—H1C	0.9600	C10—H10	0.9300
C2—C3	1.474 (2)	C11—H11	0.9300
C3—C4	1.333 (2)	C12—H12A	0.9600
C3—H3	0.9300	C12—H12B	0.9600
C4—C7	1.463 (2)	C12—H12C	0.9600
C2—O1—C1	114.99 (12)	C11—C6—C7	122.19 (14)

C5—N1—C6	110.60 (12)	N1—C6—C7	110.34 (13)
C5—N1—C12	124.50 (13)	C8—C7—C6	118.85 (14)
C6—N1—C12	124.84 (13)	C8—C7—C4	134.50 (14)
O1—C1—H1A	109.5	C6—C7—C4	106.64 (12)
O1—C1—H1B	109.5	C7—C8—C9	119.33 (15)
H1A—C1—H1B	109.5	C7—C8—H8	120.3
O1—C1—H1C	109.5	C9—C8—H8	120.3
H1A—C1—H1C	109.5	C10—C9—C8	120.56 (15)
H1B—C1—H1C	109.5	C10—C9—H9	119.7
O2—C2—O1	123.65 (14)	C8—C9—H9	119.7
O2—C2—C3	125.93 (14)	C9—C10—C11	121.47 (15)
O1—C2—C3	110.41 (13)	C9—C10—H10	119.3
C4—C3—C2	126.90 (14)	C11—C10—H10	119.3
C4—C3—H3	116.5	C6—C11—C10	117.57 (15)
C2—C3—H3	116.5	C6—C11—H11	121.2
C3—C4—C7	136.38 (14)	C10—C11—H11	121.2
C3—C4—C5	118.26 (13)	N1—C12—H12A	109.5
C7—C4—C5	105.36 (12)	N1—C12—H12B	109.5
O3—C5—N1	125.89 (14)	H12A—C12—H12B	109.5
O3—C5—C4	127.13 (14)	N1—C12—H12C	109.5
N1—C5—C4	106.98 (12)	H12A—C12—H12C	109.5
C11—C6—N1	127.47 (14)	H12B—C12—H12C	109.5
C1—O1—C2—O2	1.0 (2)	C12—N1—C6—C7	−178.31 (13)
C1—O1—C2—C3	−177.63 (13)	C11—C6—C7—C8	−1.7 (2)
O2—C2—C3—C4	11.4 (3)	N1—C6—C7—C8	177.86 (12)
O1—C2—C3—C4	−170.09 (14)	C11—C6—C7—C4	179.26 (13)
C2—C3—C4—C7	2.6 (3)	N1—C6—C7—C4	−1.18 (15)
C2—C3—C4—C5	−176.20 (13)	C3—C4—C7—C8	4.6 (3)
C6—N1—C5—O3	−177.71 (14)	C5—C4—C7—C8	−176.43 (16)
C12—N1—C5—O3	−0.1 (2)	C3—C4—C7—C6	−176.56 (16)
C6—N1—C5—C4	2.20 (15)	C5—C4—C7—C6	2.39 (14)
C12—N1—C5—C4	179.83 (13)	C6—C7—C8—C9	1.2 (2)
C3—C4—C5—O3	−3.7 (2)	C4—C7—C8—C9	179.95 (15)
C7—C4—C5—O3	177.08 (14)	C7—C8—C9—C10	0.1 (2)
C3—C4—C5—N1	176.35 (13)	C8—C9—C10—C11	−1.2 (3)
C7—C4—C5—N1	−2.83 (15)	N1—C6—C11—C10	−178.78 (14)
C5—N1—C6—C11	178.83 (14)	C7—C6—C11—C10	0.7 (2)
C12—N1—C6—C11	1.2 (2)	C9—C10—C11—C6	0.7 (2)
C5—N1—C6—C7	−0.70 (16)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

Cg1 is the centroid of ring C6—C11.

<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>
C8—H8 \cdots O2	0.93	2.29	2.988 (2)	132
C9—H9 \cdots O2 ⁱ	0.93	2.50	3.387 (2)	159

C1—H1A \cdots O3 ⁱⁱ	0.96	2.57	3.526 (2)	175
C11—H11 \cdots Cg ⁱⁱⁱ	0.93	2.83	3.558 (2)	135

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+2, -y, -z+1$; (ii) $-x+1, -y-1, -z+1$; (iii) $-x+3/2, y+1/2, -z+1/2$.