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Crystal structure of (*3S*,4R**)-4-fluoro-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-oxo-2-phenyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-4-carboxylic acid

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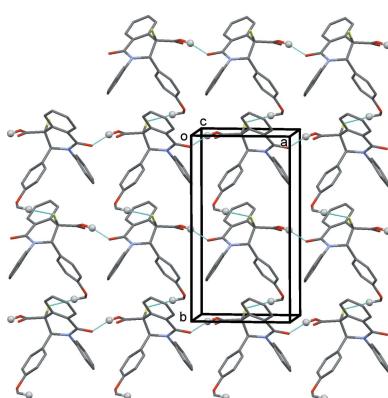
The title compound, $C_{23}H_{18}FNO_4$, crystallized as a racemate. It exhibits a *cis* conformation with respect to the F atom and the methine H atom. The piperidine ring has a screw-boat conformation. The methoxyphenyl ring and the phenyl ring are inclined to the mean plane of the isoquinoline ring system by 89.85 (4) and 46.62 (5) $^{\circ}$, respectively, and by 78.15 (5) $^{\circ}$ to one another. In the crystal, molecules are linked by an O—H \cdots O hydrogen bond forming chains propagating along the *a*-axis direction. The chains are linked by C—H \cdots F hydrogen bonds, forming layers lying parallel to the *ab* plane.

1. Chemical context

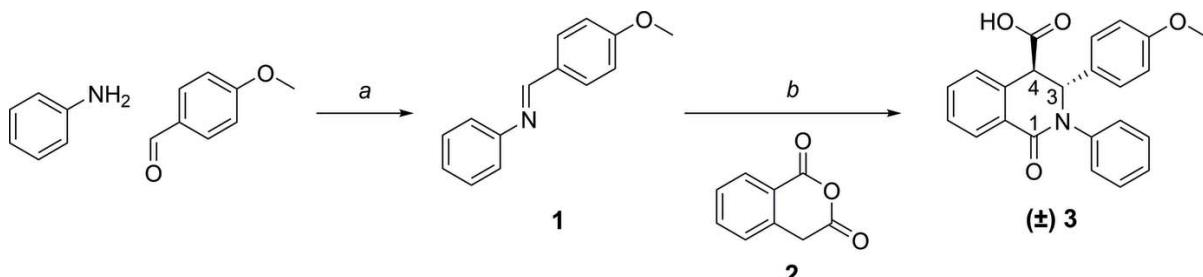
Several decades ago, Cushman *et al.* (1977) described a general synthesis of 4-carboxy-3,4-dihydroisoquinolin-1(2*H*)-ones by a condensation reaction of various aldimines with homophthalic anhydride. In most cases, a mixture of *trans* and *cis* diastereomers was obtained. As the *trans* isomer is the thermodynamically more stable product, it was possible to epimerize the *cis* compound completely to the more stable isoform. Accordingly, Haimova *et al.* (1977) reported the isolation of the pure thermodynamic product after the treatment of the reaction mixture with 10% NaOH solution.

Combined synthesis conditions resulted in isolation of stereopure *trans* compound (\pm) **3** (Fig. 1). First of all, the imine derivative **1** was synthesized by condensation of 4-methoxybenzaldehyde and aniline. Conversion of homophthalic anhydride **2** with **1** in conc. HOAc gave a diastereomeric *cis/trans* mixture, which was completely converted to the pure *trans* enantiomers by treatment with 8 M NaOH solution. The *cis/trans* isomers can be differentiated by the proton-coupling constants J_{AB} between H-3 and H-4, being J_{AB} 1.5 Hz for the *trans* compounds and J_{AB} 6.0 Hz for the *cis* isomers.

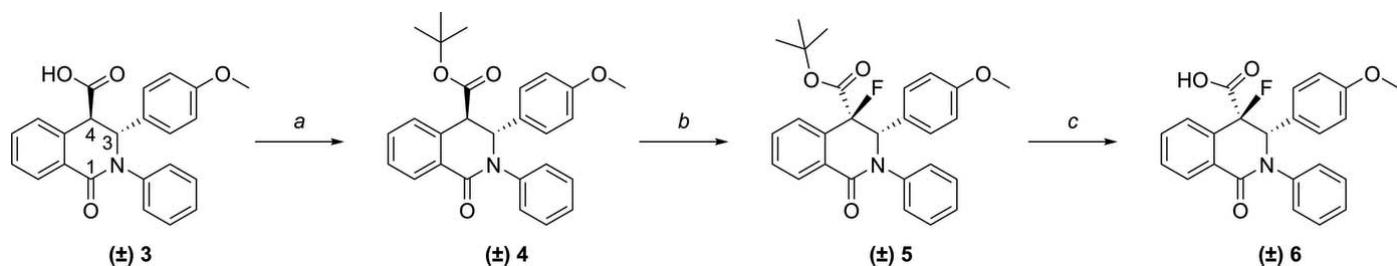
To prevent epimerization during subsequent synthesis steps, *e.g.* an amide formation, the isosteric substitution of the acidic proton H-4 by a fluorine atom was investigated (Fig. 2). First, the carboxylic acid (\pm) **3** was protected by *tert*-butyl ester to obtain the ester (\pm) **4** (Takeda *et al.*, 1994). Fluorination to (\pm) **5** was achieved by deprotonation with lithiumbis(trimethylsilyl)amide (LiHMDS) and addition of *N*-fluorobenzenesulfonimide (NFSI) (Differding & Ofner, 1991; Davis *et al.*, 1995). Finally, the fluorinated product was deprotected



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**Figure 1**

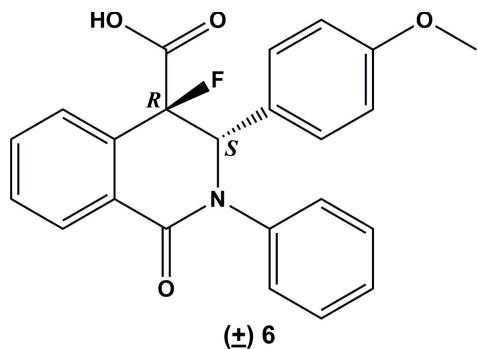
Synthesis scheme to obtain the *trans*-isomer (\pm) 3. Reagents and conditions: (a) EtOH, r.t., 3 h; (b) homophthalic anhydride (2), conc. HOAc, 393 K, 5 h; EtOH, 8 M NaOH, r.t., 24 h.

**Figure 2**

Synthesis scheme to obtain the fluorinated *cis*-enantiomers (\pm) 6. Reagents and conditions: (a) absolute THF, DMAP, di-*tert*-butyl dicarbonate, r.t., 24 h; (b) absolute THF, LiHMDS, NFSI, 201 K-r.t., 42 h; (c) CH₃CN, 85% (w/w) H₃PO₄, 323 K, 4 d.

using mild conditions (Li *et al.*, 2006) to obtain the pure diastereomer (\pm) 6.

plane of the isoquinoline ring system (N1/C1–C10) by 89.85 (4) and 46.62 (5) $^\circ$, respectively, and by 78.15 (5) $^\circ$ to one another.

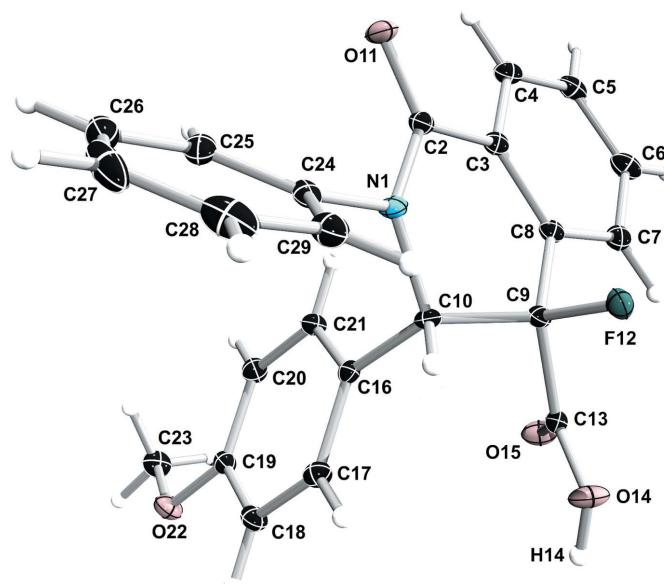


2. Structural commentary

Compound (\pm) 6 exhibits a *cis*-conformation with respect to the fluorine atom F12 and the H atom H10, as shown in Fig. 3. The piperidine ring (N1/C2/C3/C8–C10) has a screw-boat conformation [puckering amplitude $Q = 0.3812$ (11) Å, $\theta = 64.50$ (17) $^\circ$, $\varphi = 279.15$ (18) $^\circ$]. The methoxyphenyl ring (C16–C21) and the phenyl ring (C24–C29) are inclined to the mean

3. Supramolecular features

In the crystal, molecules are linked by an O—H \cdots O hydrogen bond, between the carboxylic OH group (OH14) and amide oxygen atom (O11), forming chains propagating along the a -

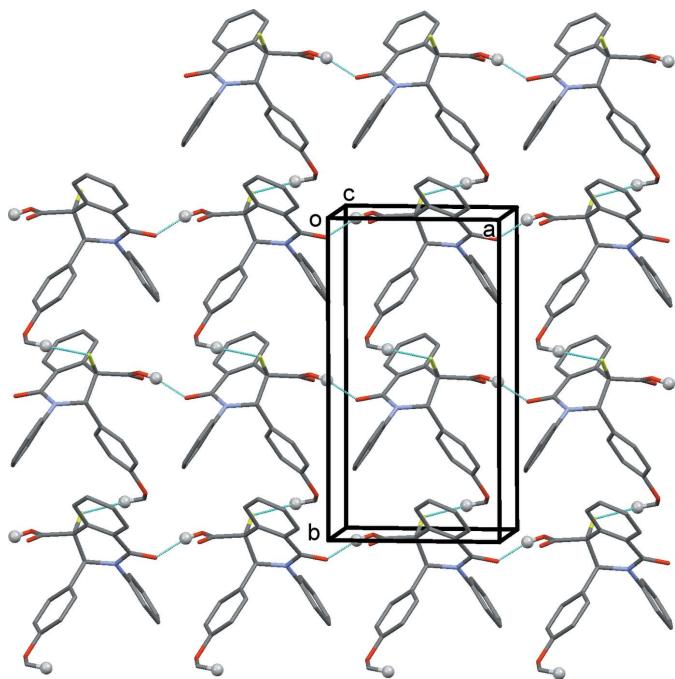
**Figure 3**

The molecular structure of compound (\pm) 6, with atom labelling and 50% probability displacement ellipsoids.

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, $^\circ$).

D—H \cdots A	D—H	H \cdots A	D \cdots A	D—H \cdots A
O14—H14 \cdots O11 ⁱ	0.84	1.75	2.5645 (11)	163
C23—H23C \cdots F12 ⁱⁱ	0.98	2.50	3.2435 (14)	133

Symmetry codes: (i) $x + 1, y, z$; (ii) $-x + 1, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$.

**Figure 4**

A view along the *c* axis of the crystal packing of compound (±) 6, with hydrogen bonds drawn as dashed lines (see Table 1). For clarity, only H atoms H14 and H23C (grey balls) have been included.

axis direction (Fig. 4 and Table 1). The chains are linked by C—H···F hydrogen bonds, forming layers parallel to the *ab* plane (Fig. 4 and Table 1). Individual chains are homo-chiral, with adjacent molecules related by translation only. It is interesting that carboxylate inversion dimers are not observed. It is supposed that the formation of such dimers is hindered by the quite strong F···H interactions, causing a fixed arrangement between the chain layers.

4. Synthesis and crystallization

The synthesis of the title compound, (±) 6, is outlined in Figs. 1 and 2.

1-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-*N*-phenylmethanimine (1): Synthesized according to the procedure reported by Torregrosa *et al.* (2005). The imine was prepared by condensation of 4-methoxybenzaldehyde (5.00 g, 36.7 mmol) and aniline (3.40 ml, 36.7 mmol) in EtOH (20 ml) at room temperature to obtain colourless crystals (yield 7.20 g, 34.0 mmol, 92%). The NMR spectra and melting point corresponds to reported data (Torregrosa *et al.*, 2005).

trans-3-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-1-oxo-2-phenyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-4-carboxylic acid, (±) 3: Synthesized according to the procedure reported by Guy *et al.* (2013). Homophthalic anhydride (3.50 g, 21.5 mmol) was dissolved in conc. HOAc, 1 (6.00 g, 28.4 mmol) was added and the reaction mixture stirred for 4 h at 393 K. Afterwards, the mixture was adjusted to neutral pH value with NaOH solution and extracted with CHCl₃, the organic phase dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude product was purified by

silica gel chromatography (CHCl₃/EtOH/FA 10/0.3/0.1) to isolate mixture of *cis/trans*-diastereomers. The solid was dissolved in EtOH (10 ml), 8 M NaOH solution (2.30 ml) was added and the reaction mixture stirred for 24 h at room temperature. After adjusting the pH value to acidic conditions, the mixture was extracted with CHCl₃, dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated *in vacuo* to obtain a racemic mixture of *trans*-enantiomers as a colourless amorphous solid (yield 6.50 g, 17.3 mmol, 77%; m.p. 443–444 K). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz): δ 8.27–8.22 (*m*, 1H), 7.49–7.44 (*m*, 2H), 7.27–7.16 (*m*, 6H), 7.05–7.01 (*m*, 2H), 6.75–6.72 (*m*, 2H), 5.52 (*s*, 1H), 3.97 (*d*, *J* = 1.4 Hz, 1H), 3.72 (*s*, 3H). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz): δ 174.5, 163.7, 159.4, 142.2, 132.7, 132.2, 130.9, 129.6, 129.5, 129.1, 128.8, 128.6, 127.7 (2C), 127.3, 126.9, 114.3 (2C), 64.4, 55.3, 51.6. IR 1723, 1602, 1510, 1491, 1462, 1247, 1172, 1027, 828, 730, 693, 628 cm^{−1}. ESI-MS: *m/z* 374.2 [M + H⁺].

tert-Butyl-*trans*-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-oxo-2-phenyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-4-carboxylate, (±) 4: 2.50 g of 3 (6.70 mmol) were dissolved in abs. THF (70 ml). After the addition of di-*tert*-butyldicarbonate (1.40 ml, 6.00 mmol) and DMAP (81.5 mg, 0.70 mmol) the reaction mixture stirred for 24 h at room temperature. Afterwards the reaction was quenched with water (100 ml), extracted with CHCl₃, dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude product was purified by MPLC (petroleum ether/EtOAc 1/0 to 0/1) to isolate 4 as a colourless amorphous solid (yield 1.60 g, 3.70 mmol, 55%; m.p. 421–422 K). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz): δ 8.25–8.21 (*m*, 1H), 7.45–7.41 (*m*, 2H), 7.33–7.32 (*m*, 4H), 7.24–7.19 (*m*, 1H), 7.17–7.15 (*m*, 1H), 7.08–7.05 (*m*, 2H), 6.75–6.71 (*m*, 2H), 5.54 (*d*, *J* = 1.4 Hz, 1H), 3.89 (*d*, *J* = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 3.71 (*s*, 3H), 1.38 (*s*, 9H). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz): δ 169.9, 163.5, 159.2, 142.6, 133.4, 132.3, 131.6, 129.6, 129.4, 129.0, 128.4, 128.3, 127.7 (2C), 126.9, 126.6, 114.2 (2C), 82.5, 64.7, 55.3, 53.2, 28.0. IR 2975, 1730, 1661, 1510, 1399, 1300, 1244, 1139, 1028, 826 cm^{−1}. ESI-MS: *m/z* 430.1 [M + H⁺].

tert-Butyl-*cis*-4-fluoro-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-oxo-2-phenyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-4-carboxylate, (±) 5: 500 mg of compound 4 (1.20 mmol) were dissolved in abs. THF (38 ml) under an argon atmosphere and cooled to 301 K. After the addition of 1 M LiHMDS solution (1.40 ml, 1.40 mmol), the mixture was stirred for 1 h while cooling. Afterwards, NFSI (511 mg, 1.60 mmol) was added and the mixture stirred for a further 30 min at 301 K and then 40 h at room temperature. The reaction mixture was extracted with CHCl₃, dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude product was purified by MPLC (petroleum ether/EtOAc 1/0 to 0/1) to isolate (±) 5 as colourless crystals (yield 320 mg, 0.70 mmol, 62%; m.p. 452–453 K). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz): δ 8.41–8.39 (*m*, 1H), 7.69–7.60 (*m*, 2H), 7.51–7.48 (*m*, 1H), 7.34–7.29 (*m*, 2H), 7.27–7.23 (*m*, 1H), 7.11–7.07 (*m*, 2H), 6.92–6.88 (*m*, 2H), 6.72–6.68 (*m*, 2H), 5.21 (*d*, *J* = 15.7 Hz, 1H), 3.73 (*s*, 3H), 1.26 (*s*, 9H). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz): δ 165.8 (*d*, *J*_{CF} = 26.8 Hz), 162.0 (*d*, *J*_{CF} = 1.3 Hz), 160.1, 141.3, 132.6 (*d*, *J*_{CF} = 2.9 Hz), 132.3, 130.9 (*d*, *J*_{CF} = 3.9 Hz), 130.3 (*d*, *J*_{CF} = 3.2 Hz), 130.1 (2C), 129.3, 129.2 (*d*, *J*_{CF} = 2.7 Hz), 128.4

Table 2
Experimental details.

Crystal data	
Chemical formula	C ₂₃ H ₁₈ FNO ₄
M _r	391.38
Crystal system, space group	Monoclinic, P2 ₁ /c
Temperature (K)	100
a, b, c (Å)	8.4849 (11), 15.407 (3), 14.157 (2)
β (°)	102.598 (16)
V (Å ³)	1806.1 (5)
Z	4
Radiation type	Mo Kα
μ (mm ⁻¹)	0.11
Crystal size (mm)	0.28 × 0.20 × 0.18
Data collection	
Diffractometer	Bruker D8 Quest
Absorption correction	Multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2014)
T _{min} , T _{max}	0.718, 0.746
No. of measured, independent and observed [I > 2σ(I)] reflections	48705, 3697, 3509
R _{int}	0.024
(sin θ/λ) _{max} (Å ⁻¹)	0.625
Refinement	
R[F ² > 2σ(F ²)], wR(F ²), S	0.032, 0.081, 1.05
No. of reflections	3697
No. of parameters	264
H-atom treatment	H-atom parameters constrained
Δρ _{max} , Δρ _{min} (e Å ⁻³)	0.38, -0.21

Computer programs: APEX2 and SAINT-Plus (Bruker, 2014), SHELXT (Sheldrick, 2015a), SHELXL2014 (Sheldrick, 2015b), SHELXE (Hübschle *et al.*, 2011) and Mercury (Macrae *et al.*, 2008).

(d, J_{CF} = 3.5 Hz), 127.8, 127.7, 126.9 (d, J_{CF} = 8.9 Hz), 114.1 (2C), 92.5 (d, J_{CF} = 189.9 Hz), 84.4, 70.9 (d, J_{CF} = 28.3 Hz), 55.3, 27.8. ¹⁹F NMR (CDCl₃, 188 MHz): δ –123.4. IR 2929, 1737, 1664, 1513, 1458, 1416, 1306, 1250, 1156, 1031 cm⁻¹. ESI-MS: m/z 448.1 [M + H⁺].

Synthesis of the title compound: cis-4-fluoro-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-oxo-2-phenyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-4-carboxylic acid, (±) 6: 68.5 mg of 5 (0.20 mmol) were dissolved in CH₃CN (1.2 ml), 85% (w/w) H₃PO₄ (86.5 μl, 0.80 mmol) was added and the mixture stirred at 323 K for 4 d. Afterwards, the mixture was extracted with CHCl₃, dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude product was purified by MPLC (EtOAc to EtOAc+0.1% FA) to isolate (±) 6 as colourless crystals (yield 21.3 mg, 54.0 mmol, 36%; m.p. 461–462 K). ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, 400 MHz): δ 8.22–8.17 (m, 1H), 7.75–7.70 (m, 2H), 7.59–7.55 (m, 1H), 7.34–7.31 (m, 2H), 7.24–7.20 (m, 1H), 7.13–7.10 (m, 2H), 7.00–6.69 (m, 2H), 6.77–

6.74 (m, 2H), 5.53 (d, J = 14.0 Hz, 1H), 3.66 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (DMSO-d₆, 100 MHz): δ 167.6 (d, J_{CF} = 26.6 Hz), 161.6, 159.2, 140.8, 132.9 (d, J_{CF} = 1.5 Hz), 132.5 (d, J_{CF} = 19.3 Hz), 130.7 (d, J_{CF} = 3.0 Hz), 129.7, 129.2 (d, J_{CF} = 3.6 Hz), 128.8, 128.3, 127.5, 127.4, 127.0, 125.9 (d, J_{CF} = 6.6 Hz), 113.7 (2C), 92.6 (d, J_{CF} = 188.0 Hz), 68.7 (d, J_{CF} = 28.1 Hz), 55.0. ¹⁹F NMR (CD₃OD, 188 MHz): δ –130.0. IR 2834, 2594, 1737, 1617, 1511, 1464, 1281, 1219, 1036 cm⁻¹. ESI-MS: m/z 392.0 [M + H⁺].

5. Refinement

Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement details are summarized in Table 2. The H atoms were included in calculated positions and treated as riding: O—H = 0.84 Å, C—H = 0.95–1.00 Å with U_{iso}(H) = 1.5U_{eq}(O-hydroxyl,C-methyl) and 1.2U_{eq}(C) for other H atoms.

Acknowledgements

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supporting information

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Crystal structure of (*3S*,4R**)-4-fluoro-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-oxo-2-phenyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-4-carboxylic acid

Anna Lehmann, Lisa Lechner, Krzysztof Radacki, Holger Braunschweig and Ulrike Holzgrabe

Computing details

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2014); cell refinement: *SAINT-Plus* (Bruker, 2014); data reduction: *SAINT-Plus* (Bruker, 2014); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXT* (Sheldrick, 2015a); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL2014* (Sheldrick, 2015b); molecular graphics: *SHELXE* (Hübschle *et al.*, 2011) and *Mercury* (Macrae *et al.*, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL2014* (Sheldrick, 2015b).

(*3S*,4R**)-4-Fluoro-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-oxo-2-phenyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-4-carboxylic acid

Crystal data

C₂₃H₁₈FNO₄
M_r = 391.38
 Monoclinic, *P2₁/c*
a = 8.4849 (11) Å
b = 15.407 (3) Å
c = 14.157 (2) Å
 β = 102.598 (16) $^\circ$
V = 1806.1 (5) Å³
Z = 4

F(000) = 816
D_x = 1.439 Mg m⁻³
 Mo *Kα* radiation, λ = 0.71073 Å
 Cell parameters from 9581 reflections
 θ = 2.8–28.3 $^\circ$
 μ = 0.11 mm⁻¹
T = 100 K
 Block, colourless
 0.28 × 0.20 × 0.18 mm

Data collection

Bruker D8 Quest
 diffractometer
 Radiation source: microfocus sealed tube
 (Incoatec ImS)
 Multi-layer mirror monochromator
 Detector resolution: 10.24 pixels mm⁻¹
 φ and ω scans
 Absorption correction: multi-scan
 (SADABS; Bruker, 2014)

T_{\min} = 0.718, T_{\max} = 0.746
 48705 measured reflections
 3697 independent reflections
 3509 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 R_{int} = 0.024
 θ_{\max} = 26.4 $^\circ$, θ_{\min} = 2.6 $^\circ$
 h = -10 → 10
 k = -19 → 19
 l = -17 → 17

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
 Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)]$ = 0.032
 $wR(F^2)$ = 0.081
 S = 1.05
 3697 reflections
 264 parameters
 0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
 direct methods
 Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
 map
 Hydrogen site location: inferred from
 neighbouring sites
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0355P)^2 + 1.0295P]$
 where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.38 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.21 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Extinction correction: (SHELXL2016;
 Sheldrick, 2015b),
 $F_c^* = k F_c [1 + 0.001 x F_c^2 \lambda^3 / \sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$
 Extinction coefficient: 0.0347 (17)

Special details

Experimental. The crystal was immersed in a film of perfluoropolyether oil, mounted on a polyimide microloop (MicroMounts of MiTeGen) and transferred to stream of cold nitrogen (Bruker Kryoflex2).

Melting points were determined on a Melting point meter MPM-H2 (Schorpp Geraetetechnik, Ueberlingen, Germany) and were not corrected. IR spectra were obtained using a JASCO FT/IR-6100 spectrometer (JASCO, Gross-Umstadt, Germany). TLC was performed on pre-coated aluminium sheets with silica gel 60 F₂₅₄ (Macherey-Nagel, Duren, Germany). ¹H (400 MHz) and ¹³C (100 MHz) NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker AV 400 instrument (Bruker Biospin, Ettlingen, Germany). ¹⁹F (188 MHz) NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker Advance 200Hz Spektrometer (Bruker Biospin, Bremen, Germany) at 298 K. Chemical shifts are given in ppm and were calibrated on residual solvent peaks as internal standard (CDCl₃: ¹H 7.26 ppm, ¹³C 77.1 ppm; DMSO-d₆: ¹H 2.50 ppm, ¹³C 39.52 ppm; CD₃OD: ¹H 3.31 ppm, ¹³C 49.00 ppm (Gottlieb *et al.*, 1997)). NMR signals are specified as s (singlet), d (doublet), m (multiplet). Coupling constants J are given in Hz. Medium pressure liquid chromatography (MPLC) was performed on puriFlash®430 system (Interchim, Montluçon, France) using pre-packed silica gel 50 μ columns from Interchim (Montluçon, France). MS data were obtained using an Agilent 1100 Series LC/MSD Trap (Agilent Technologies, Boeblingen, Germany). Commercial available chemicals were used without further purification. Gottlieb, H. E., Kotlyar, V. & Nudelman, A. (1997). *J. Org. Chem.* **62**, 7512–7515.

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å²)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
N1	0.33200 (10)	0.61320 (6)	0.66591 (6)	0.01065 (19)
C2	0.24318 (12)	0.57637 (7)	0.72408 (7)	0.0111 (2)
C3	0.32751 (12)	0.51757 (7)	0.80230 (7)	0.0111 (2)
C4	0.24489 (13)	0.48959 (7)	0.87212 (8)	0.0137 (2)
H4	0.139982	0.511308	0.871797	0.016*
C5	0.31679 (13)	0.42986 (7)	0.94204 (8)	0.0159 (2)
H5	0.262356	0.411839	0.990646	0.019*
C8	0.48373 (12)	0.48743 (7)	0.80421 (7)	0.0110 (2)
C7	0.55226 (13)	0.42559 (7)	0.87261 (8)	0.0146 (2)
H7	0.656607	0.403150	0.872799	0.018*
C6	0.46852 (14)	0.39665 (7)	0.94054 (8)	0.0167 (2)
H6	0.515302	0.353782	0.986387	0.020*
C9	0.56834 (12)	0.51784 (7)	0.72743 (7)	0.0104 (2)
C10	0.50982 (12)	0.60708 (7)	0.68386 (7)	0.0103 (2)
H10	0.538244	0.609658	0.618980	0.012*
O11	0.09652 (9)	0.59098 (5)	0.71148 (6)	0.01599 (18)
F12	0.53273 (7)	0.45825 (4)	0.64999 (4)	0.01453 (16)
C13	0.75401 (12)	0.52245 (7)	0.76088 (8)	0.0113 (2)
O14	0.82294 (9)	0.51358 (6)	0.68636 (6)	0.01713 (18)
H14	0.919081	0.530769	0.701830	0.026*
O15	0.82280 (9)	0.53632 (6)	0.84323 (6)	0.01743 (19)
C16	0.59280 (12)	0.68403 (7)	0.74097 (7)	0.0108 (2)

C17	0.55319 (13)	0.71191 (7)	0.82625 (8)	0.0133 (2)
H17	0.469288	0.683326	0.848858	0.016*
C18	0.63400 (13)	0.78083 (7)	0.87914 (8)	0.0142 (2)
H18	0.606692	0.798420	0.937867	0.017*
C19	0.75537 (12)	0.82394 (7)	0.84538 (8)	0.0125 (2)
C20	0.79674 (13)	0.79631 (7)	0.76033 (8)	0.0139 (2)
H20	0.880507	0.824902	0.737609	0.017*
C21	0.71594 (13)	0.72720 (7)	0.70881 (8)	0.0131 (2)
H21	0.744716	0.708909	0.650739	0.016*
O22	0.83760 (9)	0.89465 (5)	0.88880 (6)	0.01602 (18)
C23	0.81993 (14)	0.91544 (8)	0.98427 (8)	0.0175 (2)
H23A	0.883876	0.967223	1.007349	0.026*
H23B	0.857866	0.866633	1.027671	0.026*
H23C	0.705912	0.926726	0.983278	0.026*
C24	0.25598 (12)	0.67125 (7)	0.58933 (8)	0.0124 (2)
C25	0.16993 (13)	0.74324 (7)	0.60909 (9)	0.0174 (2)
H25	0.160006	0.754905	0.673429	0.021*
C26	0.09829 (14)	0.79821 (8)	0.53368 (10)	0.0239 (3)
H26	0.038507	0.847210	0.546762	0.029*
C27	0.11357 (15)	0.78197 (8)	0.43966 (10)	0.0257 (3)
H27	0.065221	0.819873	0.388597	0.031*
C28	0.19975 (15)	0.71015 (9)	0.42085 (9)	0.0236 (3)
H28	0.210460	0.698898	0.356566	0.028*
C29	0.27096 (13)	0.65417 (8)	0.49529 (8)	0.0167 (2)
H29	0.329296	0.604724	0.481866	0.020*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
N1	0.0066 (4)	0.0132 (4)	0.0116 (4)	0.0003 (3)	0.0007 (3)	0.0019 (3)
C2	0.0094 (5)	0.0113 (5)	0.0128 (5)	-0.0010 (4)	0.0025 (4)	-0.0019 (4)
C3	0.0101 (5)	0.0109 (5)	0.0119 (5)	-0.0024 (4)	0.0017 (4)	-0.0015 (4)
C4	0.0118 (5)	0.0154 (5)	0.0143 (5)	-0.0033 (4)	0.0039 (4)	-0.0023 (4)
C5	0.0180 (5)	0.0176 (5)	0.0127 (5)	-0.0070 (4)	0.0045 (4)	0.0002 (4)
C8	0.0101 (5)	0.0106 (5)	0.0121 (5)	-0.0027 (4)	0.0019 (4)	-0.0013 (4)
C7	0.0118 (5)	0.0131 (5)	0.0178 (5)	-0.0010 (4)	0.0009 (4)	0.0007 (4)
C6	0.0185 (5)	0.0149 (5)	0.0148 (5)	-0.0033 (4)	-0.0006 (4)	0.0040 (4)
C9	0.0088 (5)	0.0108 (5)	0.0111 (5)	-0.0006 (4)	0.0015 (4)	-0.0023 (4)
C10	0.0071 (5)	0.0133 (5)	0.0110 (5)	0.0001 (4)	0.0028 (4)	0.0014 (4)
O11	0.0079 (4)	0.0188 (4)	0.0215 (4)	0.0009 (3)	0.0038 (3)	0.0035 (3)
F12	0.0135 (3)	0.0146 (3)	0.0154 (3)	-0.0022 (2)	0.0030 (2)	-0.0051 (2)
C13	0.0096 (5)	0.0095 (5)	0.0150 (5)	0.0006 (4)	0.0034 (4)	0.0017 (4)
O14	0.0087 (4)	0.0271 (4)	0.0165 (4)	-0.0028 (3)	0.0047 (3)	-0.0019 (3)
O15	0.0109 (4)	0.0258 (4)	0.0146 (4)	-0.0015 (3)	0.0005 (3)	0.0002 (3)
C16	0.0090 (5)	0.0102 (5)	0.0126 (5)	0.0014 (4)	0.0010 (4)	0.0022 (4)
C17	0.0118 (5)	0.0135 (5)	0.0156 (5)	-0.0010 (4)	0.0052 (4)	0.0015 (4)
C18	0.0152 (5)	0.0144 (5)	0.0137 (5)	0.0004 (4)	0.0048 (4)	-0.0005 (4)
C19	0.0108 (5)	0.0102 (5)	0.0148 (5)	0.0002 (4)	-0.0009 (4)	0.0012 (4)

C20	0.0107 (5)	0.0148 (5)	0.0166 (5)	-0.0015 (4)	0.0040 (4)	0.0032 (4)
C21	0.0126 (5)	0.0148 (5)	0.0125 (5)	0.0008 (4)	0.0039 (4)	0.0016 (4)
O22	0.0173 (4)	0.0146 (4)	0.0162 (4)	-0.0053 (3)	0.0036 (3)	-0.0024 (3)
C23	0.0171 (5)	0.0191 (5)	0.0152 (5)	-0.0036 (4)	0.0015 (4)	-0.0036 (4)
C24	0.0078 (4)	0.0129 (5)	0.0150 (5)	-0.0030 (4)	-0.0009 (4)	0.0031 (4)
C25	0.0122 (5)	0.0151 (5)	0.0230 (6)	-0.0011 (4)	-0.0002 (4)	-0.0002 (4)
C26	0.0144 (5)	0.0142 (6)	0.0383 (7)	-0.0008 (4)	-0.0046 (5)	0.0042 (5)
C27	0.0196 (6)	0.0217 (6)	0.0287 (7)	-0.0075 (5)	-0.0102 (5)	0.0134 (5)
C28	0.0228 (6)	0.0285 (7)	0.0162 (6)	-0.0091 (5)	-0.0026 (5)	0.0069 (5)
C29	0.0152 (5)	0.0183 (6)	0.0157 (5)	-0.0032 (4)	0.0012 (4)	0.0021 (4)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^{\circ}$)

N1—C2	1.3560 (14)	C16—C21	1.3960 (15)
N1—C24	1.4444 (13)	C17—C18	1.3907 (15)
N1—C10	1.4774 (12)	C17—H17	0.9500
C2—O11	1.2386 (13)	C18—C19	1.3946 (15)
C2—C3	1.4878 (14)	C18—H18	0.9500
C3—C4	1.3987 (15)	C19—O22	1.3655 (13)
C3—C8	1.3992 (15)	C19—C20	1.3923 (15)
C4—C5	1.3912 (16)	C20—C21	1.3847 (15)
C4—H4	0.9500	C20—H20	0.9500
C5—C6	1.3899 (17)	C21—H21	0.9500
C5—H5	0.9500	O22—C23	1.4282 (13)
C8—C7	1.3920 (15)	C23—H23A	0.9800
C8—C9	1.5023 (14)	C23—H23B	0.9800
C7—C6	1.3880 (16)	C23—H23C	0.9800
C7—H7	0.9500	C24—C25	1.3895 (16)
C6—H6	0.9500	C24—C29	1.3899 (16)
C9—F12	1.4112 (12)	C25—C26	1.3940 (17)
C9—C10	1.5440 (14)	C25—H25	0.9500
C9—C13	1.5445 (14)	C26—C27	1.388 (2)
C10—C16	1.5187 (14)	C26—H26	0.9500
C10—H10	1.0000	C27—C28	1.384 (2)
C13—O15	1.2036 (14)	C27—H27	0.9500
C13—O14	1.3202 (13)	C28—C29	1.3935 (16)
O14—H14	0.8400	C28—H28	0.9500
C16—C17	1.3901 (15)	C29—H29	0.9500
C2—N1—C24	119.90 (8)	C21—C16—C10	119.43 (9)
C2—N1—C10	123.43 (9)	C16—C17—C18	121.29 (10)
C24—N1—C10	116.15 (8)	C16—C17—H17	119.4
O11—C2—N1	120.70 (10)	C18—C17—H17	119.4
O11—C2—C3	121.52 (9)	C17—C18—C19	119.57 (10)
N1—C2—C3	117.78 (9)	C17—C18—H18	120.2
C4—C3—C8	120.18 (10)	C19—C18—H18	120.2
C4—C3—C2	118.68 (9)	O22—C19—C20	115.65 (9)
C8—C3—C2	121.08 (9)	O22—C19—C18	124.66 (10)

C5—C4—C3	119.81 (10)	C20—C19—C18	119.67 (10)
C5—C4—H4	120.1	C21—C20—C19	120.09 (10)
C3—C4—H4	120.1	C21—C20—H20	120.0
C6—C5—C4	119.78 (10)	C19—C20—H20	120.0
C6—C5—H5	120.1	C20—C21—C16	120.96 (10)
C4—C5—H5	120.1	C20—C21—H21	119.5
C7—C8—C3	119.39 (10)	C16—C21—H21	119.5
C7—C8—C9	121.58 (9)	C19—O22—C23	117.14 (8)
C3—C8—C9	118.86 (9)	O22—C23—H23A	109.5
C6—C7—C8	120.17 (10)	O22—C23—H23B	109.5
C6—C7—H7	119.9	H23A—C23—H23B	109.5
C8—C7—H7	119.9	O22—C23—H23C	109.5
C7—C6—C5	120.53 (10)	H23A—C23—H23C	109.5
C7—C6—H6	119.7	H23B—C23—H23C	109.5
C5—C6—H6	119.7	C25—C24—C29	120.38 (10)
F12—C9—C8	107.70 (8)	C25—C24—N1	120.76 (10)
F12—C9—C10	105.86 (8)	C29—C24—N1	118.85 (10)
C8—C9—C10	113.83 (8)	C24—C25—C26	119.43 (11)
F12—C9—C13	107.42 (8)	C24—C25—H25	120.3
C8—C9—C13	114.13 (9)	C26—C25—H25	120.3
C10—C9—C13	107.41 (8)	C27—C26—C25	120.57 (12)
N1—C10—C16	112.29 (8)	C27—C26—H26	119.7
N1—C10—C9	110.66 (8)	C25—C26—H26	119.7
C16—C10—C9	114.28 (8)	C28—C27—C26	119.51 (11)
N1—C10—H10	106.3	C28—C27—H27	120.2
C16—C10—H10	106.3	C26—C27—H27	120.2
C9—C10—H10	106.3	C27—C28—C29	120.63 (12)
O15—C13—O14	125.92 (10)	C27—C28—H28	119.7
O15—C13—C9	123.50 (9)	C29—C28—H28	119.7
O14—C13—C9	110.50 (9)	C24—C29—C28	119.48 (11)
C13—O14—H14	109.5	C24—C29—H29	120.3
C17—C16—C21	118.42 (10)	C28—C29—H29	120.3
C17—C16—C10	122.12 (9)		
C24—N1—C2—O11	1.02 (15)	F12—C9—C13—O15	-148.60 (10)
C10—N1—C2—O11	172.43 (10)	C8—C9—C13—O15	-29.28 (14)
C24—N1—C2—C3	-179.57 (9)	C10—C9—C13—O15	97.91 (12)
C10—N1—C2—C3	-8.16 (15)	F12—C9—C13—O14	34.57 (11)
O11—C2—C3—C4	-10.34 (15)	C8—C9—C13—O14	153.90 (9)
N1—C2—C3—C4	170.26 (9)	C10—C9—C13—O14	-78.92 (10)
O11—C2—C3—C8	166.87 (10)	N1—C10—C16—C17	50.04 (13)
N1—C2—C3—C8	-12.53 (15)	C9—C10—C16—C17	-77.06 (12)
C8—C3—C4—C5	-1.71 (16)	N1—C10—C16—C21	-131.70 (10)
C2—C3—C4—C5	175.53 (10)	C9—C10—C16—C21	101.20 (11)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-1.68 (16)	C21—C16—C17—C18	-0.31 (16)
C4—C3—C8—C7	3.75 (15)	C10—C16—C17—C18	177.98 (9)
C2—C3—C8—C7	-173.41 (9)	C16—C17—C18—C19	1.09 (16)
C4—C3—C8—C9	179.22 (9)	C17—C18—C19—O22	176.94 (10)

C2—C3—C8—C9	2.05 (15)	C17—C18—C19—C20	−1.42 (16)
C3—C8—C7—C6	−2.42 (16)	O22—C19—C20—C21	−177.51 (9)
C9—C8—C7—C6	−177.76 (10)	C18—C19—C20—C21	0.99 (16)
C8—C7—C6—C5	−0.97 (17)	C19—C20—C21—C16	−0.21 (16)
C4—C5—C6—C7	3.03 (17)	C17—C16—C21—C20	−0.14 (15)
C7—C8—C9—F12	84.49 (12)	C10—C16—C21—C20	−178.47 (9)
C3—C8—C9—F12	−90.87 (11)	C20—C19—O22—C23	−169.09 (9)
C7—C8—C9—C10	−158.47 (9)	C18—C19—O22—C23	12.49 (15)
C3—C8—C9—C10	26.17 (13)	C2—N1—C24—C25	54.81 (14)
C7—C8—C9—C13	−34.68 (14)	C10—N1—C24—C25	−117.20 (11)
C3—C8—C9—C13	149.96 (9)	C2—N1—C24—C29	−125.51 (11)
C2—N1—C10—C16	−93.63 (11)	C10—N1—C24—C29	62.48 (12)
C24—N1—C10—C16	78.07 (11)	C29—C24—C25—C26	0.14 (16)
C2—N1—C10—C9	35.38 (13)	N1—C24—C25—C26	179.82 (10)
C24—N1—C10—C9	−152.92 (9)	C24—C25—C26—C27	−0.58 (17)
F12—C9—C10—N1	75.45 (10)	C25—C26—C27—C28	0.49 (18)
C8—C9—C10—N1	−42.65 (11)	C26—C27—C28—C29	0.05 (18)
C13—C9—C10—N1	−170.02 (8)	C25—C24—C29—C28	0.38 (16)
F12—C9—C10—C16	−156.62 (8)	N1—C24—C29—C28	−179.30 (10)
C8—C9—C10—C16	85.28 (11)	C27—C28—C29—C24	−0.48 (17)
C13—C9—C10—C16	−42.08 (11)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
O14—H14···O11 ⁱ	0.84	1.75	2.5645 (11)	163
C23—H23C···F12 ⁱⁱ	0.98	2.50	3.2435 (14)	133

Symmetry codes: (i) $x+1, y, z$; (ii) $-x+1, y+1/2, -z+3/2$.