

WAVE RUN-UP LIMITS

MAPPING MARITIME PUBLIC DOMAIN IN PORTUGAL

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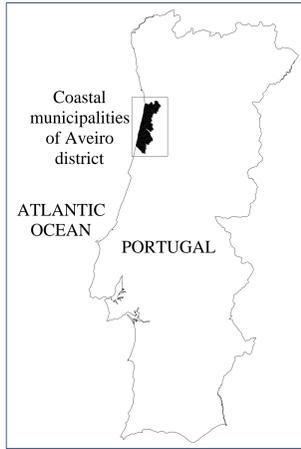


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1. Mapping the Maritime Public Domain Aveiro coast, Portugal

- Identify the existing formulations to estimate wave run-up;
- Evaluate the parameters involved (sensitive analysis);
- Define adequate formulas for natural beaches and artificial structures, at the Aveiro coast;
- Represent in a map the Maritime Public Domain of the Aveiro coast.



4. Adopted formulas for Aveiro

$$\text{Natural beaches: } R_{\max} = 2.90 H_S \xi = 59.80 \tan \beta$$

$$\text{Coastal structures: } R_{\max} = 0.41 H_S \xi = 8.49 \tan \beta$$

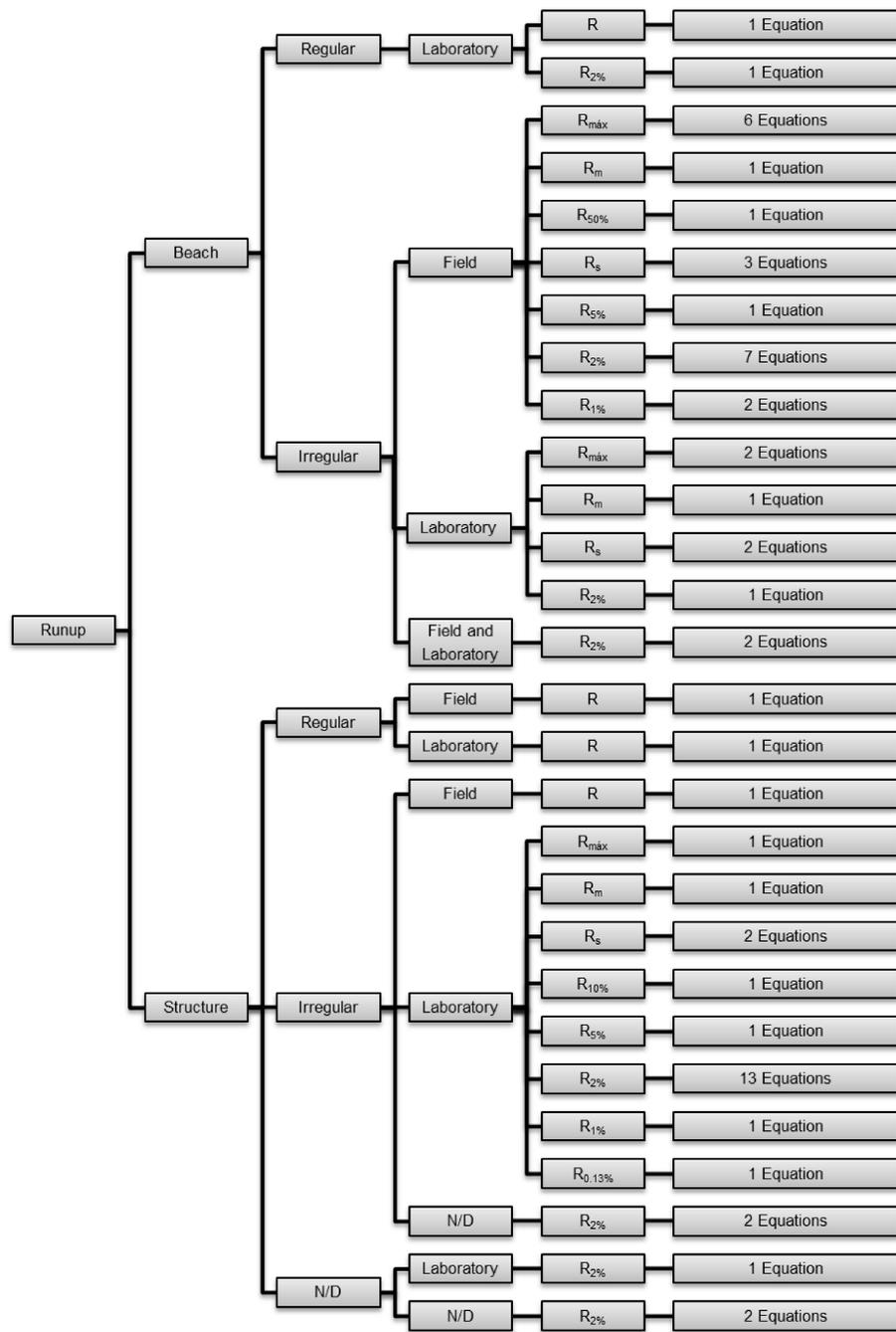
Typical wave characteristics considered for the Aveiro region:

$$H_S = 2.11 \text{ m};$$

$$T_{\max} = 11.4 \text{ s};$$

$$L_{\max} = 201.8 \text{ m}.$$

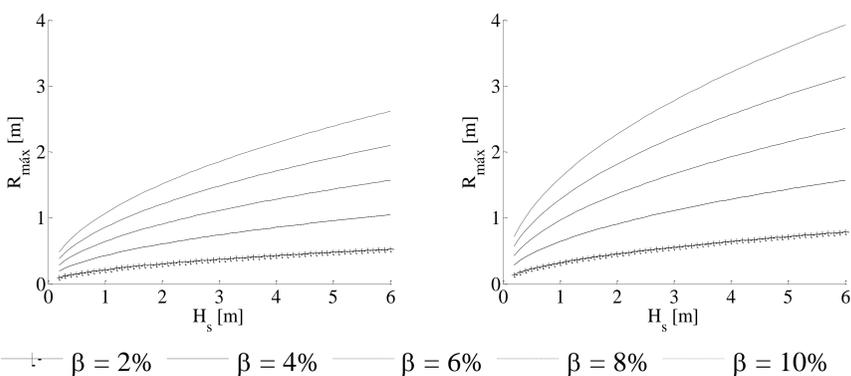
2. Wave run-up formulations (60 different proposals)



Natural beaches and artificial structures; Regular and irregular waves;
Formulas based in laboratory and field work (N/D - not defined); Type of run-up (maximum, significant, n%).

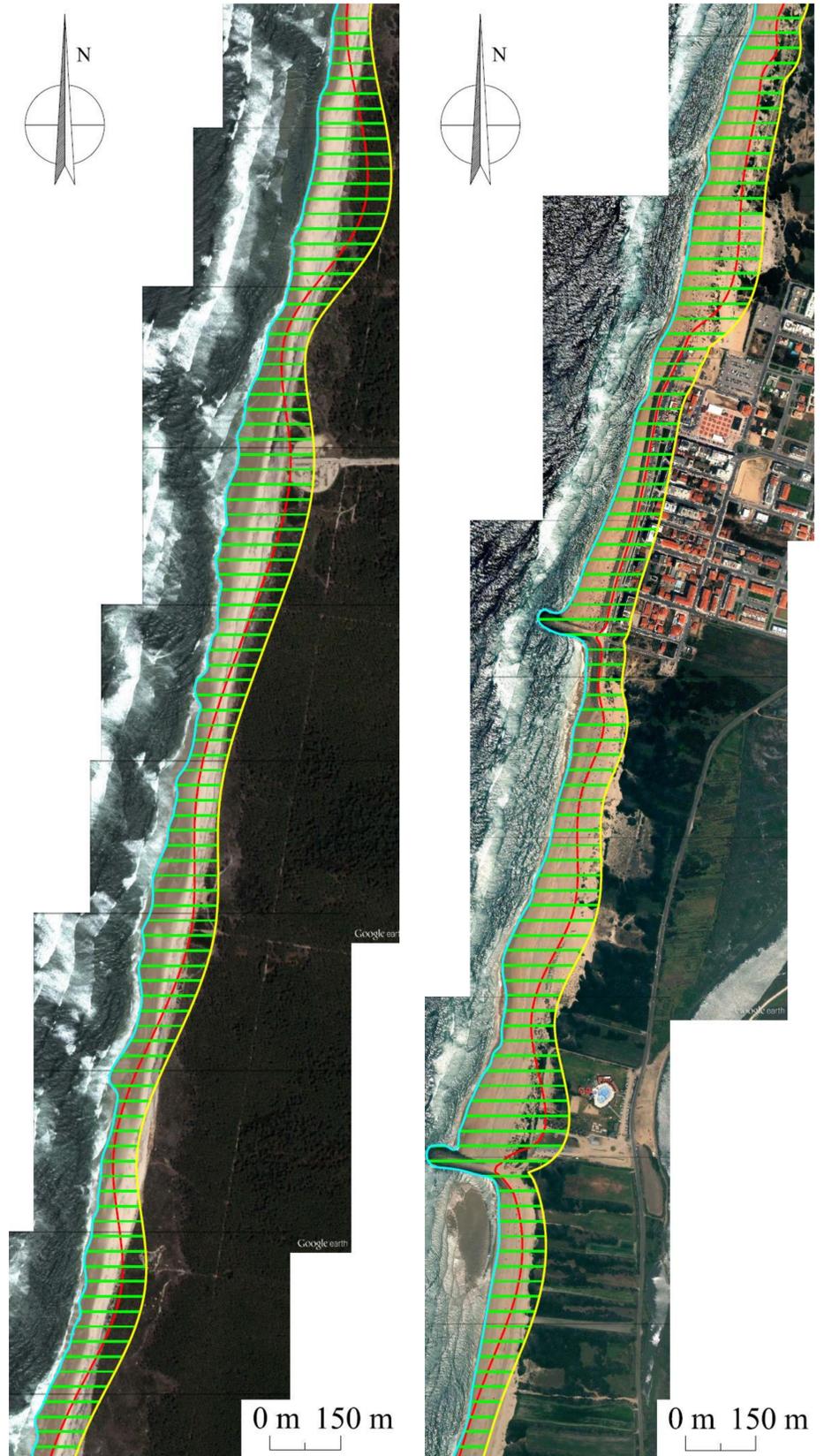
3. Sensitive analysis

$$R_{\max} = c H_S \xi$$



Example of maximum wave run-up (R_{\max}), for different significant wave heights, beach slopes (β) and wave periods: $T = 8 \text{ s}$ (left) and $T = 12 \text{ s}$ (right).

5. Aveiro map of the Maritime Public Domain



Examples of shoreline (blue), wave run-up limit (red) and Maritime Public Domain limit (yellow) representation, for a natural beach (left) and a coastal structure (right).

6. Main conclusions

- To choose an area to represent the Maritime Public Domain allowed:
- the perception of the difficulties in evaluating the wave run-up limit;
 - the definition of a suitable method to estimate wave run-up;
 - the definition and representation of the effective boundary in the field.