

Nuclear Engineering Enrollments and Degrees Survey, 2007 Data

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SURVEY UNIVERSE

The survey includes degrees granted between September 1, 2006, and August 31, 2007, and fall 2007 enrollments. Thirty-one academic programs reported having nuclear engineering programs during 2007, and data was obtained for all thirty-one.

DEGREE DATA

Bachelor's Degrees. The number of B.S. degrees granted in 2007 by nuclear engineering programs increased for the fourth consecutive year and was 19% greater than in 2006. (See Table 1.) The increase in 2007 was less in both percentage and absolute terms than the increase in 2006. The number of B.S. degrees in 2007 was the highest reported since 1995, but still below the number of B.S. degrees granted annually from the early 1970s through the early 1990s. Nuclear engineering majors accounted for 96% of all B.S. degrees. (See Table 2.)

Graduate Degrees. The number of master's degrees granted in 2007 increased for the fifth consecutive year and was 6% greater than in 2006. This is the highest number of masters' degrees reported since 1996 but still below the numbers granted annually from the early 1970s through the early 1990s. The number of doctorate degrees increased substantially in 2007 reflecting several years of growth in graduate student enrollments. (See Table 1.) Nuclear engineering majors accounted for almost all of the M.S. and Ph.D. degrees. (See Table 2.)

Table 1. Nuclear Engineering Degrees, 2000—2007

Year	Degrees		
	B.S.	M.S.	Ph.D.
2007	413	227	89
2006	346	214	70
2005	268	171	74
2004	219	154	75
2003	166	132	78
2002	195*	130	67
2001	120	145	80
2000	159	133	74

*Three programs were discontinued/out-of-scope after 2002 and not included in the 2003 survey. These three programs reported a total of 17 B.S. degrees in 2002.

Table 2. Nuclear Engineering Degrees, 2007, by Curriculum

Curriculum	B.S.	M.S.	Ph.D.
Nuclear Engineering Major	397	225	88
Nuclear Engineering Option	16	2	1

ENROLLMENTS AND SHORT-TERM OUTLOOK FOR DEGREE TRENDS

Undergraduate Students. In 2007, the reported enrollment of junior and senior nuclear engineering undergraduate students was over 1,300. Undergraduate enrollments have increased annually since 2000 when the lowest number (approximately 460) was reported in the time series. The increase in enrollments in 2007 was about one-fourth the increase reported in 2006. Enrollments are still below the numbers reported from the mid 1970s through the early 1990s. The continued increase in junior/senior undergraduate enrollments over the last two years indicates that the number of B.S. degrees is likely to continue to increase in the next couple of years.

Graduate Students. Graduate student enrollment reported in 2007 was almost 1,100, an increase of about 4% over 2006 (a slightly lower percentage increase than reported in 2006 over 2005). This is 45% greater than in 2000 and 2001 (when the lowest enrollment numbers were reported in the time series). However, the graduate enrollments are still well below the numbers reported from the mid 1970s through the mid 1990s. The continued increase in graduate enrollment indicates that the number of M.S. degrees should continue to increase for the next few years. It is also likely that the number of Ph.D. degrees will continue to increase for the next several years.

CITIZENSHIP, GENDER, AND RACE/ETHNICITY OF DEGREE RECIPIENTS (TABLE 3.)

Citizenship. Less than 1% of B.S. degree recipients were non-U.S. citizens. Among M.S. degree recipients, 19% were non-U.S. citizens; and for Ph.D. degree recipients, 44% were non-U.S. citizens. The higher percentages of non-U.S. citizens among graduate degree recipients is a continuation of a long-term trend common across graduate engineering academic programs.

Gender. Females comprised 23% of the B.S. degree recipients, 19% of the M.S. degree recipients, and 10% of the Ph.D. recipients.

Race/Ethnicity. Among the B.S. degree recipients, one out of eight (12.5%) of the U.S. citizens were members of minority groups. Among the M.S. degree recipients, over 11% of the U.S. citizens were members of minority groups. Among the Ph.D. degree recipients, 10% of the U.S. citizens were members of minority groups.

Table 3. Citizenship, Gender, and Race/Ethnicity of Degree Recipients, 2007

	B.S.		M.S.		Ph.D.	
	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male
Non-U.S. Citizens	2	2	15	28	3	36
U.S. Citizens						
African/Black Americans	4	3	1	2	0	0
American Indians/Native Americans	0	0	0	0	0	0
Asian/Pacific Island Americans	6	15	4	4	0	3
Hispanic Americans	6	17	0	10	0	2
White/Caucasian Americans	73	278	22	129	6	37
Other or Unknown	4	3	2	10	0	2
Totals	95	318	44	183	9	80

Table 4. Nuclear Engineering Degrees, 2007, by Academic Institution
(alphabetical by state and then university)

State	Name of Institution	Degrees Sept. 1, 2006 – Aug. 31, 2007		
		B.S.	M.S.	Ph.D.
CA	University of California, Berkeley	15	10	8
FL	University of Florida	17	14	2
GA	Georgia Institute of Technology	14	28	6
ID	Idaho State University	6	1	1
IL	University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign	20	13	8
IN	Purdue University	39	7	9
KS	Kansas State University	8	1	0
MA	Massachusetts Institute of Technology	20	25	12
MA	University of Massachusetts, Lowell	5	0	0
MD	University of Maryland	0	1	0
ME	University of Maine	1	0	0
MI	University of Michigan	17	16	7
MO	Missouri University of Science and Technology	25	3	0
MO	University of Missouri – Columbia	0	4	8
NC	North Carolina State University	22	13	3
NM	University of New Mexico	7	3	1
NV	University of Nevada, Las Vegas	0	0	0
NY	Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute	46	1	2
NY	United States Military Academy	17	0	0
OH	Air Force Institute of Technology	0	6	1
OH	Ohio State University	0	13	3
OH	University of Cincinnati	0	3	0
OR	Oregon State University	20	2	1
PA	Pennsylvania State University	36	13	4
SC	South Carolina State University	1	0	0
SC	University of South Carolina	0	2	0
TN	University of Tennessee	22	10	1
TX	Texas A&M University	24	9	2
TX	University of Texas	3	3	4
UT	University of Utah	0	4	0
WI	University of Wisconsin	28	22	6
TOTALS:		413	227	89

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