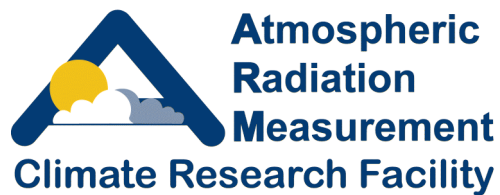


**Atmospheric Radiation Measurement Program  
Climate Research Facility Operations  
Quarterly Report**

January 1 – March 31, 2008



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# Atmospheric Radiation Measurement Program Climate Research Facility Operations Quarterly Report January 1 – March 31, 2008

## 1. Data Availability

**Description.** Individual raw data streams from instrumentation at the Atmospheric Radiation Measurement (ARM) Program Climate Research Facility (ACRF) fixed and mobile sites are collected and sent to the Data Management Facility (DMF) at Pacific Northwest National Laboratory (PNNL) for processing in near real time. Raw and processed data are then sent daily to the ACRF Archive, where they are made available to users. For each instrument, we calculate the ratio of the actual number of data records received daily at the Archive to the expected number of data records. The results are tabulated by (1) individual data stream, site, and month for the current year and (2) site and fiscal year (FY) dating back to 1998.

The U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) requires national user facilities to report time-based operating data. The requirements concern the actual hours of operation (ACTUAL); the estimated maximum operation or uptime goal (OPSMAX), which accounts for planned downtime; and the VARIANCE  $[1 - (\text{ACTUAL}/\text{OPSMAX})]$ , which accounts for unplanned downtime. The OPSMAX time for the second quarter of FY 2008 for the Southern Great Plains (SGP) site is 2,074.80 hours ( $0.95 \times 2,184$  hours this quarter). The OPSMAX for the North Slope Alaska (NSA) locale is 1,965.60 hours ( $0.90 \times 2,184$ ), and that for the Tropical Western Pacific (TWP) locale is 1,856.40 hours ( $0.85 \times 2,184$ ). The OPSMAX time for the ARM Mobile Facility (AMF) is not reported because it is not in operation this quarter. The differences in OPSMAX performance reflect the complexity of local logistics and the frequency of extreme weather events. It is impractical to measure OPSMAX for each instrument or data stream. Data availability reported here refers to the average of the individual, continuous data streams that have been received by the Archive. Data not at the Archive are caused by downtime (scheduled or unplanned) of the individual instruments. Therefore, data availability is directly related to individual instrument uptime. Thus, the average percentage of data in the Archive represents the average percentage of the time (24 hours per day, 91 days for this quarter) the instruments were operating this quarter.

**Summary.** Table 1 shows the accumulated maximum operation time (planned uptime), actual hours of operation, and variance (unplanned downtime) for the period January 1 – March 31, 2008, for the fixed sites. The AMF is being deployed to China and is not in operation this quarter. The second quarter comprises a total of 2,184 hours. The average as well as the individual site values exceeded our goal this quarter.

**Table 1.** Operational Statistics for the Fixed ACRF Sites for the Period January 1 – March 31, 2008.

Site	Hours of Operation			Data Availability	
	Opsmax	Actual	Variance	Goal	Actual
NSA	1,965.60	1,980.23	-0.0074	0.90	0.91
SGP	2,074.80	2,096.64	-0.0105	0.95	0.96
TWP	1,856.40	2,118.48	-0.1412	0.85	0.97
Site Average	1,965.60	2,065.12	-0.0506	0.90	0.95

## 2. Site Visit Requests, Archive Accounts, and Research Computer Accounts

**Description.** The Site Access Request System is a web-based database used to track visitors to the fixed and mobile sites, all of which have facilities that can be visited. The NSA locale has the Barrow and Atqasuk sites. The SGP site has a central facility, 23 extended facilities, 4 boundary facilities, and 3 intermediate facilities. The TWP locale has the Manus, Nauru, and Darwin sites. FKB represents the AMF statistics for the Haselbach, Germany, past deployment in 2007. NIM represents the AMF statistics for the Niamey, Niger, Africa, past deployment in 2006. PYE represents just the AMF Archive statistics for the Point Reyes, California, past deployment in 2005. In addition, users who do not want to wait for data to be provided through the ACRF Archive can request a research account on the local site data system. The seven computers for the research accounts are located at the Barrow and Atqasuk sites; the SGP central facility; the TWP Manus, Nauru, and Darwin sites; and the DMF at PNNL. In addition, the ACRF serves as a data repository for a long-term Arctic atmospheric observatory in Eureka, Canada (80°05' N, 86°43' W) as part of the multiagency Study of Environmental Arctic Change (SEARCH) Program. NOAA began providing instruments for the site in 2005, and currently cloud radar data are available. The intent of the site is to monitor the important components of the Arctic atmosphere, including clouds, aerosols, atmospheric radiation, and local-scale atmospheric dynamics. Because of the similarity of ACRF NSA data streams and the important synergy that can be formed between a network of Arctic atmospheric observations, much of the SEARCH observatory data are archived in the ARM archive. Instruments will be added to the site over time. For more information, please visit <http://www.db.arm.gov/data>. The designation for the archived Eureka data is YEU and is now included in the ACRF user metrics. This quarterly report provides the cumulative numbers of visitors and user accounts by site for the period April 1, 2007 – March 31, 2008.

DOE requires national user facilities to report facility use by total visitor days—broken down by institution type, gender, race, citizenship, visitor role, visit purpose, and facility—for actual visitors and for active user research computer accounts. This information is maintained but not presented in this report.

Research computer accounts are counted in the same manner as for the ACRF Archive accounts: an individual is counted as only one unique user per site, even though he or she opens and closes an account several times to obtain different data at one or more sites. However, site visitors are counted each time they visit, because most visitors participate in multiple, unrelated experiments or events.

Also, users that visit sites can connect their computer or instrument to an ACRF network, which requires an on-site device account. Remote (off-site) users can also have remote access to any ACRF instrument or computer system at any ACRF site, which requires an off-site device account. These accounts are also tracked.

All user accounts are established for a period of up to one year and must be renewed annually. To report users, we counted the number of active users for the previous 12 months during the last month of the quarterly reporting period.

**Summary.** Table 2 shows the summary of cumulative users for the period April 1, 2007 – March 31, 2007. For the second quarter of FY 2008, the overall number of users was nearly as high as the last reporting period, in which a new record high for number of users was established. This quarter, a new record high was established for the number of user days, particularly due to the large number of field campaign activities in conjunction with the AMF deployment in Germany, as well as major field campaigns at the NSA and SGP sites. This quarter, 37% of the Archive users are ARM science-funded principal investigators and 23% of all other facility users are either ARM science-funded principal investigators or ACRF infrastructure personnel.

**Table 2.** Summary of ACRF User Site Visits, Archive Accounts, and Research Computer Accounts for the Period April 1, 2007 – March 31, 2008.

Site	Visitors	Visitor Days	On-Site Device Accounts	Off-Site Device Accounts	Research Accounts	Archive Accounts	Total Users*
NSA	63	603	9	40	21	196	329
SGP	260	1,869	13	62	20	448	803
TWP	31	210	6	38	18	224	317
FKB	955	6,182	8	22	8	76	1,069
PYE						47	47
NIM						111	111
DMF					61		61
YEU						3	3
Total	1,309	8,864	36	162	128	1,105	2,819

\*Excludes visitor days.

### 3. Safety

For reporting purposes, the three ACRF sites and the AMF operate 24 hours per day, 7 days per week, and 52 weeks per year. Time is reported in days instead of hours. If any lost work time is incurred by any employee, it is counted as a workday loss. Table 3 reports the consecutive days since the last recordable or reportable injury or incident causing damage to property, equipment, or vehicle for the period January 1 – March 31, 2008. There were no incidents this reporting period.

**Table 3.** Consecutive Days of Injury-Free Operation,\* January 1 – March 31, 2008.

ES&H Category	NSA	SGP	TWP	AMF
Days Worked without a Lost-Time Incident	91	91	91	91
Days Worked without a Recordable Accident	91	91	91	91
Days Worked without a Property-Damage Incident	91	91	91	91
Days Worked without a Reportable Loss to Vehicles	91	91	91	91

\*“Injury-free” is defined as days without a recordable lost-time incident or property-damage incident.